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1232 Government Street. Telephone 33

VOL. C—NO. 91

VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1908

EIGHTEEN PAGES

RAIN IS COMING

You will soon have frequent need for an UMBRELLA. We have a large stock with decidedly handsome handles, in GOLD, SILVER, GUN METAL and BOXWOOD. COVERS are of splendid quality.

We have also a complete line of CANES and WALKING STICKS.

Challoner & Mitchell

Diamond Merchants and Jewelers

1017 Government Street

Victoria, B.C.

A fine display on sale today.

Exhibition Prize Apples

The entire exhibit of W. E. Scott, grown at Salt Spring Island.

Spys, Pippins, Wealthy, Gravenstein,
Bellflower and other splendid varieties
PER BOX.....\$1.75 and \$2.00

We also have some very fine Cooking Apples, per box \$1.05
Peachland Peaches—a few boxes left. Price each .. \$1.50

DIXIE H. ROSS & COMPANY

Up-to-date Grocers

1317 Government Street

Where you get good things to eat and drink.

They Have Arrived

Our Indestructible Elk-Sole line of

BOOTS AND SHOES

We will positively guarantee these soles for three months steady wear. Remember, all other guarantees of Boots or Shoes do not include the soles. WE DO. This line includes the finest Golfing Shoes in the world, made on hold-fast-to-the-heel lasts and double straps over vamp.

We are sole agents for Victoria and suburbs.

McCandless Bros. & Cathcart

555 Johnson Street, Victoria

"The Best Cold Bottle of the Day."

WHITE ROCK

Lithia Water

A little higher in price than many so-called mineral waters, but infinitely superior. There's nothing too good for Victorians; they should not put up with an inferior water, but should insist upon being supplied with this deliciously cooling, natural Mineral Water, which is certified by leading analysts as absolutely pure.

White Rock is a sparkling tonic; as a dilutant for milk, wine or whiskey it is unexcelled.

Ask for it at your club, restaurant or hotel. Order a case for home consumption, but be sure to see that you are supplied with the genuine "White Rock."

Wholesale Agents:

PITHER & LEISER

Corner Fort and Wharf Streets, Victoria.

Water Street, Vancouver.

THIBET PROBLEM TROUBLES CHINA

Dalai Lama and Small Retinue
Arrive at Chinese City of
Ting Chow

QUESTION OF SUCCESSION

China Scheming to Obtain Better Control of Tibet and Mongolia

Peking, Sept. 28.—The Dalai Lama of Tibet, accompanied by a retinue of eight attendants, arrived this afternoon at Ting Chow, a city in Chihli province, about fifty miles southwest of Pao Ting Fu. A throng of emissaries met him at Pao Ting Fu, and he was received in a royal manner by a large number of imperial officials as well as Peking officials, who journeyed out from the capital for the purpose. He was escorted to the yellow temple, where he had made his headquarters. His route of march to this building, a distance of four miles, was lined by crowds of Chinese who had gathered to honor him.

The roadway had been covered with yellow sand, as is done when the Emperor travels abroad—yellow is the imperial color in China—and an elaborate programme of imperial entertainments has been prepared. This includes the ceremony of "kow-towing" to the Emperor, but it is believed that the Lama will refuse to perform this function.

During their years of wandering the attendants of the Dalai Lama have become thoroughly demoralized. They have lived at the expense of the local authorities, and their demands have been limited only by the ability of the officials to produce what they want. They are a wild, disorderly, unkempt crowd, giving no appearance of holiness.

The most important problem brought out by the absence of the Dalai Lama from L'Hassa, he having left the holy city because the presence of Colonel Younghusband's force had desecrated it, is that of the Lamaist succession. China's efforts for four years to get from the Lama what she wanted have proved unavailing, and she has now embarked on a course of religious intrigue with the Tashi Lama, the grand lama who rules at L'Hassa during the absence of the Dalai Lama. China's purpose in this is to secure a foothold for the political mastery of Tibet and Mongolia, and it is believed here, in view of the recalcitrant attitude of the Dalai Lama that China will have the Tashi Lama come to Peking.

The activities already displayed by the foragers and procurers of the Dalai Lama forecast a repetition of the scandalous proceeding which was witnessed at Wu Tai Shan, where the Dalai Lama held court for three months last summer. The entire retinue of the Lama has not yet arrived at Ting Chow, but still the local authorities have seen fit to place the policing of the city on a military basis.

Large Bear Shot

Fernie, Sept. 28.—Two Italians out shooting ran across three large bears near Coal Creek. They succeeded in killing one of them which they brought into Fernie last night. It was a monster silver tip, and weighed over 500 pounds.

Money for Scientific Work.

Berlin, Sept. 28.—The Prussian Academy of Science and Association of eminent scientists under the government, has inherited the sum of \$500,000 from a banker who died recently in Brussels. The money is to be expended for scientific purposes.

NEWS SUMMARY

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- 1—Fire chiefs in convention. Cholera in Russia. Tibet problem.
- 2—Pole-Carew replies to Hammar Greenwood. Mining active in northern country. October county court opens next Monday.
- 3—More regulations for city's canines. Effects of recent congress in London. Clergyman scores the Salome dance. Tramway carried many passengers. Local news.
- 4—Editorial.
- 5—Note and comment. Forty years ago. About people. British opinion. Guests at the city hotels.
- 6—News of the city. The weather. Obituary notices. Tide table.
- 7—Rev. H. Carson says side show was one blot on exhibition. Shortage of power causes change in car schedule. Licensed vintners will assist in enforcing law. Mr. Martin will be a candidate in Victoria.
- 8—In woman's realm.
- 9—Sporting news.
- 10—Marine news.
- 11—Social and personal. High fences in Oak Bay district. Vigorous campaign is contemplated. Local news.
- 12—Real estate advertisements.
- 13—Real estate advertisements.
- 14—Fire fighters in convention, continued. Pipe wanted for new water mains. Amusements. Local and Maliland news.
- 15—Japanese press on the Colist interview. Riot was with Japanese sailors. General news.
- 16—Classified want ads and real estate advertisements.
- 17—Financial and commercial. The local markets.
- 18—David Spencer Limited's ad.

Fell From Train.

Winnipeg, Sept. 28.—A young man named Wright, from St. Catharines, Ont., en route to Indian Head, was found dead lying beside the track a few miles east of Port Arthur this morning. His skull was fractured, and he had evidently fallen off the Toronto train.

Earl Grey at Grand Forks

Grand Forks, Sept. 28.—Earl Grey, governor-general of Canada, who has been shooting in the prairie provinces for the past week, is now on his way west. He arrived here this afternoon by the Canadian Pacific and will leave this evening for Keremeos and the Similkameen country via the Great Northern, his car being transferred to the latter road at this point. While in the city, Earl Grey visited the Granby smelter and other points of interest in the immediate vicinity, the time at his disposal being limited.

Offenders Sentenced.

Regina, Sask., Sept. 28.—Three sentences were handed out in court this morning. Two housebreakers were again given six months each, and a lad convicted of indecent assault was given a similar sentence. Robert McClellan, aged 19, convicted three times in less than four years, was sentenced to six months at Prince Albert for assault. The judge said that but for the age of the prisoner he would be justified in giving a flogging. Two Russians named Maletke and Jostchen, convicted of housebreaking, were given only six months each, because it was their first offense.

WELCOME RAINFALLS IN EASTERN COUNTRY

Long Drought at Last Broken
—Forest Fires Are Extinguished

Port Arthur, Ont., Sept. 28.—The heavy rain which poured on Saturday afternoon continued all night and all day Sunday intermittently, putting an end to the forest fires in this district, and an end to the six weeks' drought.

Chicago, Sept. 28.—A drop of more than 30 degrees in temperature occurred during last night, following a storm of wind and rain. At 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon, the mercury stood at 80 degrees. In the evening at 8 o'clock, it dropped to 53 degrees. Early today it stood at 47 degrees.

Washington, Sept. 28.—The breaking of the prolonged drought throughout the country is announced by the weather bureau today. Rain has fallen generally in the United States, and forecaster Garriott, of the weather bureau, announced early today that it would continue today and tomorrow throughout the eastern states, followed by clear and decidedly cooler weather. The rains now prevailing in the territory east of the Mississippi river started in the far west several days ago.

Montreal, Sept. 28.—A heavy rain which started at 6 o'clock this afternoon bids fair to stop drought and put out forest fires. Smoke cleared off the rivers this morning and navigation was soon resumed, many vessels arriving in port and others which have been detained since Friday departing.

MR. COWAN'S RETURN

Vancouver Conservatives Will Tender Candidate a Grand Reception on Arrival

Vancouver, Sept. 28.—George H. Cowan, K.C., Conservative candidate, will arrive in the city from his trip to eastern Canada next Thursday evening.

Vancouver leaders of the party are making arrangements for the welcoming of the candidate with a reception which will at once show the enthusiastic support which is being accorded him throughout the riding.

Mr. Cowan will arrive on the C.P.R. evening train and the present plan provides for his being met at the station by all the Conservatives of the city who can make it convenient to be present. He will be accompanied by a torchlight procession will then be formed, which will pass through the principal downtown streets to the city hall, where a mass meeting will be held. Mr. Cowan will address this meeting, and arrangements are now being made for the speakers. The plans in hand contemplate making a welcome reception one of the most inspiring political rallies ever held in the city.

Lake Superior Consolidated.

Toronto, Sept. 28.—The annual report of the Lake Superior Consolidated company for the year ending June 30 shows a net surplus of \$1,072,000, an increase of \$214,379 over 1907.

Would Return to India

Vancouver, Sept. 28.—It is now the turn of the Hindus themselves to ask for deportation. Several sons of India have made application for the return of sickness and various disabilities, and in some cases because of destitution. The winter is coming on and work is scarce. Most of the Hindus in the vicinity are engaged in contracts for clearing land, but the winter will prevent the rainy weather comes on, so that naturally those unable to work at all are anxious to get under warmer skies.

Chilliwack Tram Line

New Westminster, Sept. 28.—The B. C. Electric Railway company is rushing work on the completion of the first section of the Chilliwack line. On Saturday work was commenced on the trestle by which the electric cars will approach the New Westminster Fraser river bridge from the south side. The trestle will be 1,600 feet in length, giving a very easy grade from the bridge to the main track of the New Westminster-Chilliwack line. Two other trestles have to be constructed before the line to Cloverdale is ready for traffic, one at the gulch west of the Scott road, the other over the Serpentine. The contractors for the work are the Messrs. Boyd and Craig.

CHOLERA WORSE IN BIG EMPIRE

Report Sent to Washington By
Agent of Marine Hospital
Service

CASES IN ST. PETERSBURG

Eight Hospital Attendants Are
Down With Disease and
Others Frightened

Washington, Sept. 28.—The cholera epidemic in Russia is increasing, says a cablegram to the marine hospital service from a European agent of that bureau today.

St. Petersburg Report

St. Petersburg, Sept. 28.—The cholera continues to decrease. The number of new cases in the municipal hospital for the twenty-four hours ending at noon today was 263, and the deaths 102.

Eight hospital attendants have come down with the disease, and as a result other attendants are in a state of panic. Great difficulty is being encountered in persuading them to return to their posts. Another student of the Pavlovski military academy died today, and Baroness Von Muller is among the stricken.

Premier Stolypin has written a sharp letter of censure to the mayor of St. Petersburg regarding the conditions in the principal quarters of the city.

The Disease in Manila

Manila, Sept. 28.—For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 o'clock this morning fourteen new cases of cholera and three deaths were reported.

Fleet Reception Put Off

Washington, Sept. 28.—The formal reception of the Atlantic battleship fleet at Manila, except the water parade, has been suspended until early in November, because of the good weather conditions usually prevailing then, according to a cablegram from Governor General Smith at Manila today. Despite the more favorable cholera situation today, the Governor General doubts whether the disease can be eliminated before the fleet arrives there on the westward trip. Accordingly the reception will occur during the month's stay of the fleet there for target practice on the way back from China and Japan.

BANDITS IN RUSSIA SECURE HEAVY BOOTY

Raid Train and Get Money to
Amount of More Than
\$60,000

St. Petersburg, Sept. 28.—A successful train robbery has been executed by a band of thirty men near Vilna, and a large force of police and troops has been sent by special train to the scene. The authorities have not as yet captured the robbers or recovered the money stolen which is estimated at between \$60,000 and \$100,000. The guard on board the train consisted of six men.

The robbers kept up a constant fusillade during the robbery, to intimidate the passengers, a number of whom were wounded by broken glass. None of the passengers were seriously hurt.

Land Seekers

Calgary, Sept. 28.—The Canadian Pacific Irrigation Colonization company has today in the neighborhood of 65 land seekers from the Dakotas, Illinois and Minnesota. One of their agents brought 55 of this number, and said that his party might have just as easily have brought 100.

BALKAN QUESTIONS BROUGHT UP AGAIN

Austrian Proposal to Annex
Provinces Frowned on By
Russia

St. Petersburg, Sept. 28.—An intimation from Vienna that Austria-Hungary is preparing to raise the question of annexation of the provinces of Bosnia and Herzegovina, which really form an appendage of the Austro-Hungarian monarchy, although nominally included in the Turkish empire, have met with expressions of the strongest disapproval from the Russian newspapers.

It is learned from an authoritative source that the Russian government will object to any effort to incorporate these two provinces in the dual monarchy or any other infringement of the status quo under the Berlin treaty. For this reason, Russia will oppose the idea of recognition of Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria as an independent sovereign, which has been revived in connection with the late developments in the near east. The Russian veto undoubtedly will put a quietus on both projects.

The Russian ambassador at Constantinople says that the Porte has referred the railway dispute in Bulgaria to the signatories of the Berlin treaty for settlement, and it is thought here that this will greatly lessen the chances of a collision between Turkey and Bulgaria over this question.

Insurance Rates Increased.

London, Ont., Sept. 28.—The Canadian Fire Underwriters' association has increased insurance rates over practically the whole of the mercantile and manufacturing districts of this city, because of alleged lack of fire-fighting apparatus and poor water pressure.

Trade With New Zealand.

Ottawa, Sept. 28.—According to the report of J. S. Larke, Canadian trade commissioner to New Zealand, Canada's exports to New Zealand last year amounted to £205,536, as against £52,374 in 1902, while our imports increased from £7,366 to £75,015. The printing paper trade has grown from £18,853 in 1905 to £66,655 in 1907.

Mr. MacInnes' Report.

Montreal, Sept. 28.—W. R. MacInnes, freight traffic manager of the C.P.R., returned to Montreal today after absence of two months, during which time he had made a complete tour of the company's lines in western Canada. There is evidence everywhere, he says, that this year's splendid harvest is bringing back prosperity to the west, but there is no evidence of any boom, nor is there likely to be one. Asked as to reports that the C.P.R. had acquired the Chicago Great Western railway, Mr. MacInnes said he could give no information except to say that he had not been consulting with the traffic officials of that line, as western papers had reported.

VISITOR FROM ORIENT HAS TOO MANY WIVES

Question of Admitting Mr. Bos-
man to States Referred to
Washington

San Francisco, Sept. 28.—The special board of inquiry appointed to investigate the case of Robert Bosman, the wealthy business man of Hongkong, who arrived here on the liner Korea yesterday accompanied by two wives, this afternoon determined to shift the responsibility of saying whether or not the party shall be admitted to this country to the immigration department at Washington.

As Bosman has come to this country seeking medical attention, he will be allowed under bond to come ashore, and be taken, pending advice from Washington, to the German hospital in this city, accompanied by one servant, but the two wives and three children will not be allowed ashore at all.

Bosman is in urgent need of skillful medical attention and will take advantage of the opportunity given him to undergo treatment while awaiting word of the action taken in his case at Washington.

The decision of the immigration authorities to refer the Bosman matter to Washington was reached only after a careful examination of precedents and rulings in similar cases, of which there are so few on record that it is practically the first time that the particular question had to be answered. Bosman has been openly living with his two wives for years, and says that this is the first time that his actions have ever been called into question. He is a man of great wealth, and very prominent in his own city, where he is the owner of a great quantity of valuable land. He has planned to make a rather extensive tour of this country after his health had been restored by the skill of American physicians, and it is believed that if he is denied entrance to the country, even as a tourist, on the ground of his being a bigamist in polygamy, he will appeal the case to the highest authority possible.

TENNESSEE MASSACRE

People Leaving Church After Service
Are Deliberately Shot Down By
Drunk Rowdies

Jellico, Tenn., Sept. 28.—One of the bloodiest affairs in the history of East Tennessee occurred near the Tennessee-Kentucky line, north of Anthonis post-office, yesterday.

The scene was at a little Baptist church where, fifty yards or so, which is a "blind tiger," which has been operated for months. The services had closed and nearly the entire congregation had emerged from the church when a crowd of drunken men who had visited the "blind tiger" began firing into the worshippers with pistols.

John Bennett, J. W. MacKinney and Edward Thomas were shot down at the church door, and died almost instantly, streams of blood from their wounds flowing down the steps of the little church. The preacher, Rev. Kind, was shot and mortally wounded, falling in the churchyard. Another worshipper named Gibson was also shot down in front of the church, but is not dangerously hurt.

Anthraxis is five miles from a railroad, and there is no telephone connection. Jellico officers could not learn the names of any of the men implicated in the shooting.

All the dead and wounded were men of families except Bennett.

Santa Fe Road's Finances.

Chicago, Sept. 28.—The annual report of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Co. was made public today by President E. P. Ripley. The total income to June 30, 1908, was \$91,289,770. Deducting operating expenses, including taxes, rentals, etc., of \$65,031,582 and fixed charges of \$12,579,301, the balance remains at \$13,678,886. After the payment of dividends, the surplus for the year was \$1,895,879.

Hunter and Deer Die

Drain, Ore., Sept. 28.—Lying beside the body of a deer, the death of which his bullet and hunting knife had caused a searching party late yesterday found the body of young George Buxton in the east mountains of Douglas county. Buxton met death in a most unusual way. Having shot the buck he apparently thought it dead and attempted to cut its throat. The animal was only wounded, and jumping up it gored Buxton with its antlers, then after disposing of its enemy lay down near him and died itself. Buxton was aged 24, and belonged to Brockway, Ore.

FIRE FIGHTERS IN CONVENTION

Many Chiefs Belonging to Pa-
cific Association Assemble
in Victoria

SESSIONS HELD YESTERDAY

Committees Appointed and
Other Preliminary Work
Disposed Of

The convention of fire chiefs who belong to the Pacific association was called to order at three o'clock yesterday afternoon by the president, Mr. Wm. Metz, of Walla Walla. Chief Thomas H. Watson, of this city, introduced Mayor Hall, who in the most cordial manner welcomed the delegates to the hospitable city of Victoria, and heartily wished them every possible success in their labors. President Metz having replied, appointed Chiefs Myers, of Spokane, Watson, of Victoria, and Kelly, of Wallace, Idaho, the committee on credentials. And Chiefs Bringham, of Seattle, McAlvey, of Tacoma, and McCann, of Stockton, Cal., the committee on resolutions. The secretary, Chief Bringham, of Seattle, submits the list of delegates as follows: Michael McCann, Stockton, Cal.; W. H. Ellis, Bann City, Ore.; W. W. Stores, Kelso, Wash.; J. E. Smith, Ladysmith, B.C.; Robt. McKay, Kamloops, B.C.; Ed. Martinson, Lewiston, Idaho; Andrew A. Sumner, Anacortes, Wash.; Bruce, Hoodam, Wash.; P. W. Morgan, Georgetown, Wash.; John Parkin, Nainaimo, B.C.; L. H. Fowler, Lethbridge, Alta.; P. Schuller, Ellensburg, Wash.; Adam Schneider, Aberdeen, Wash.; F. C. Miller, Centralia, Wash.; W. C. Hunkes, Centralia, Wash.; D. Campbell, Portland, Ore.; H. E. Roberts, Seattle, Wash.; F. J. Kingsley, Everett, Wash.; Idaho; W. J. Kingsley, Everett, Wash.; A. J. Long, Chehalis, Wash.; Frank Rowwell, Centralia, Wash.; J. H. Carlisle, Vancouver, B.C.; Geo. McAlvey, Tacoma, Wash.; A. H. Myers, Spokane, Wash.; W. Metz, Walla Walla, Wash.; Thos. Watson, Victoria, B.C.; H. P. McDowell, Victoria, B.C.; H. W. Belinghurst, Seattle, Wash.; Kellogg, Seattle, Wash.; J. J. Pedersen, Seattle, Wash.; A. Strehlan, Seattle, Wash.; A. G. Long, Portland, Ore.; Fred A. Wood, Seattle, Wash.; H. Joslyn, Seattle, Wash.; J. L. Phillips, Seattle, Wash.; L. J. Tolls, Portland, Ore.; H. P. Wand, Vancouver, B.C.; James E. Jewell, Great Falls, Mont.; J. Smart, Calgary, Alta.; W. J. Elliott, Seattle, Wash.; M. Fox, Baker City, Ore.; C. J. Warren, Arlington, Wash.; G. J. Stryker, Shohomish, Wash.; W. Culver, Raymond, Wash.; E. B. Raymond, Olympia, Wash.; C. A. O'Brien, Calgary, Alta.; F. D. McKay, Calgary, Alta.; F. W. Carson, Calgary, Alta.; C. W. Thompson, Vancouver, B.C.; J. J. Cary, Centralia, Wash.

Chief McAlvey, of Tacoma, reminded of the association of the death of ex-Chief Ralph Cook, of Seattle, who had been a useful member, while Chief Carlisle, of Vancouver, referred to the death of ex-Chief Thomas Ackerman, of New Westminster. The bereavement of Mr. F. A. Wood, of Seattle, and a member of the association, though the death of his wife, was also placed on record, and at this stage in the proceedings, Chief McAlvey proposed an adjournment until the evening as a mark of respect for the departed.

The Evening Session.

At the evening session the report of the committee having been presented by Chief Marshall Kellogg, of Seattle; Chief Sumner, of Anacortes, and Chief Parkin, of Nainaimo, were appointed the auditing committee; and Chiefs Kingsley, of Everett; McKee, of Kamloops, and L. H. Fowler, of Lethbridge, the committee on exhibits. The exhibits will be on view at nine o'clock tomorrow morning at the headquarters of the city fire department.

A communication was then read from the International Society of State and Municipal Commissioners and Inspectors, enclosing a paper read by Mr. F. W. Fitzpatrick, the executive officer of this society.

A portion of this very interesting paper is as follows:

"No one in this organization has the idea that the fire department is of minor importance in a city's affairs, but some of you perhaps have an inadequate idea of what fire means in the aggregate to the country. Only the biggest of figures can tell the story. Think of it, just one conflagration in San Francisco wiped \$320,000,000 out of existence; another meant devastation to the tune of \$90,000,000, and the conflagration, or even individual fires of a million or two, are, alas, far from uncommon. Six hundred thousand dollars a day is our average. Last year, one in which there were no extraordinary fires, \$215,000,000 was our total. This year, in January, we allowed \$24,000,000 of property to burn. That amount represented more by far than was done in the way of new buildings and repairs in the same period for this work during the entire month only. The destruction of more than is produced means that, if unchecked, ultimate bankruptcy stares us in the face. Over and above what fire costs us in actual combustion, remember that your departments, the installation of high pressure water service and all that sort of thing, the incidents of fire, as it were, costs us another \$300,000,000 a year. Then, plus all that, we go to work and spend \$195,000,000 in buying insurance, an alleged protection that pays us back barely \$95,000,000 of that amount in adjusted losses per year. In fine, the aggregate of fire's actual havoc and of what we spend in fire fighting amounts to just about \$600,000,000 a year. It may not be amiss to add that the biggest year of our

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(Continued on Page Fourteen)

For Changes in Street Car Time Table See Page 6

VICTORIA FAIR

FIRST PRIZE FRUITS

Having purchased the entire exhibit of Thos. Bryden, who won the First Prize at the Fair, I now place these unmatched Fruits on sale.

PLUMS, APPLES AND PEARS

Per basket, 25c, to \$1.75 per box.

Somebody will be too late; let it not be you.

W. O. WALLACE The Family Cash Grocer
Phone 312 Cor. Yates & Douglas

Telephone 129

If you wish Your Baggage taken to and from the steamer or train

Victoria Transfer Co., Ltd.
BROUGHTON STREET

POLE CAREW REPLIES TO HAMAR GREENWOOD

Did Not Ask for War Every Five Years—Wants Non-Partisan Imperial Council

General Sir Reginald Pole-Carew, during his address to the Canadian club a few weeks ago, when speaking of the patriotism shown by the colonies let fall a remark to the effect that if war could only be managed every five years there would be no need to devise methods for the closer binding together of the Empire. The remark was greeted with laughter and cheers, none of the audience taking him to mean that he was advocating a series of wars.

Shortly afterwards Hamar Greenwood, M.P., who had seen a report of the general's speech in the papers, arrived in Victoria and was interviewed, the published report of his remarks apparently indicating that he was under the impression that Sir Reginald had made such a suggestion. Below is printed a letter from the general, written from China, in which he corrects these misconceptions:

R. M. S. Empress of China, August 27, 1903.
Sir,—As I was leaving Victoria last night a copy of the Victoria Daily Times of that date was put into my hand. In it I read Mr. Hamar Greenwood's comments on the few words I had the honor to speak to the members of the Canadian club on the 25th inst.

I am flattered that any words of mine should have attracted the notice of so distinguished a gentleman as Mr.

TRUCKS

Trucks for removing baggage, furniture or heavy material at per hour \$1.50

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Phone 129.

in the great states of the Empire than is apparently enjoyed by him, and I refuse to believe that, given a share in the control, they would decline to take a share in the upkeep of the navy and army, "on which," according to his own statement, "the very existence of Canada and the other colonies at this moment actually depends."

I have the honor to be, sir, your obedient servant,
REGINALD POLE-CAREW,
Lieut. General,
Editor Daily Colonist, Victoria, B.C.

MINING ACTIVE IN NORTHERN COUNTRY

H. R. Ella Tells of Progress Made—Much Development Work Done

H. R. Ella who has returned to Victoria from a trip through the Wheaton river and Windy arm and Porcupine mining districts in an interview yesterday said the first concentrator in the Yukon territory, built by the Yukon District Gold Mining company, in which W. Mackenzie of the well known railroad firm of Mackenzie & Hann

OCT. COUNTY COURT OPENS NEXT MONDAY

A Lengthy List of New Cases Are Set Down for Hearing Next Month

The October county court opens next Monday, and there is a somewhat lengthy list of new cases set down for trial in addition to a number of hold-over cases from this month. The names of the new cases and the lawyers engaged follow:

Black vs. Anderson—Action for a commission earned on sales of stock of the Canadian Northwest Oil company, the amount claimed being \$1,000. The defense denies that the plaintiff was ever appointed an agent to sell stock, and further that being a director of the company he was in no event entitled to remuneration. Barnard and Robertson for the plaintiff and S. Perry Mills, K.C., for the defense.

Thorpe & Co. vs. Windsor Grocery.—An action for \$42.50, the value of siphons alleged not to have been returned and including damages for their wrongful detention. The defendants assert that they have returned them all with the exception of some which the plaintiffs collected direct from their customers. W. E. Oliver for the plaintiff and W. H. Langley for the defense.

Young & Co. vs. Alice Reed.—An action for \$3.25 for damages for alleged wrongful conversion of a corset to her own use by the defendant, or in the alternative for the amount claimed as the price of that article of attire. The lady claims that she returned the

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the assignee of Terry and Maret, or that if he is there has been no notice of the assignment. He says he never bought anything from Mr. Terry, Sydney Child for the plaintiff, and the defendant in person.

Yerrinder vs. Lamb.—In this action the local dentist is suing the secretary of the Canadian Institute of Mining Engineers for a \$60 dental bill, the work having been done in 1903. The defendant pleads unskillful work. Sydney Child for the plaintiff and A. J. Kitto for the defendant.

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Agents.

Winston Churchill's private secretary, and I feel sure he would not willingly misquote me. I therefore venture to point out some misconceptions in his criticisms.

Mr. Hamar Greenwood begins by mentioning "forty odd colonies of the British empire and their hundreds of millions of black, brown and yellow peoples," and he appears to assume that I intend each of these dependencies to have a seat or seats on the Imperial council. Is it possible that Mr. Hamar Greenwood is unable to distinguish between "Crown and "Self-governing" colonies?

He is reported to have continued: "Gen. Pole-Carew insists on two propositions as a basis of unity. First, a war every five years and secondly the election to power and the maintenance in office—presumably to the crack of doom—of the Conservative party of England," and he goes on to say "As long as Imperialism has a partisan taint just so long will it be anti-Imperial in its results."

Did Not Ask For War

In the first place I am afraid I cannot admit that I asked for a war every five years, and I think any of my audience would agree that what I did say merely amounted to the suggestion that war had brought Great Britain and Greater Britain nearer together than they were before, and that supposing we were to find ourselves not unfrequently shoulder to shoulder in face of a common foe the chain of Empire might thereby be strengthened.

Does Mr. Hamar Greenwood demur to that suggestion?

But until I read Mr. Greenwood's statement to the reporter I did not imagine that any reasonable man could suppose that I meant that such a means to an end would be either desirable or possible, and it was because of its undesirability and impossibility that I proposed other and more peaceful methods of consolidation.

Non-Partisan Imperial Council

It is true that I am keenly desirous to see the present government dismissed from Downing street, and I am anxious for their ministerial demise because I consider that by their performances last year at the Colonial conference—where, by the by, Mr. Hamar Greenwood's political chief was the worst offender—and by their colonial policy generally, they have done much to weaken rather than strengthen the ties between the mother country and her children. But I hardly think I can be accused of partisanship when, in urging the formation of an Imperial council, I mentioned—amongst other reasons—my desire to free the Empire from the partisan influence of party politics in England and to establish, as far as possible, a continuity of policy for Imperial affairs. Mr. Hamar Greenwood tells me that Lord Rosebery advocated in the eighties the creation of an Imperial council, and that Greater Britain would at that time have none of it.

I venture to remark that since the eighties much water has run under the bridges, and that the fact that the proposal did not find favor at that time is no reason why it should not again be brought forward, and I would add that a good deal naturally depends on the manner in which the question is put. But with all due deference to Mr. Hamar Greenwood, I have more faith

is largely interested, is about completed at the Venus mine and is expected to be in operation in a short time. The concentrator has a capacity of 100 tons a day and is expected to be operated all this winter. The success of this concentrator is practically assured and no doubt when the results show up the work will give an impetus to mining in this district. It is expected that a number of properties will be opened up, and probably more concentrators will be put in, thus eliminating the necessity of paying high freight rates to get out the ore to coast smelters. There are many good properties in this district, including the Big Thing group, and Mr. Ella was told that probably fifty men would be kept at work this winter.

He said that although business was quiet generally in the White Horse district there is a good movement in mining. Col. Conrad and associates have just acquired the Sunrise group in the Wheaton river district from George Stevens. The price paid was \$100,000. It is a silver and gold property. A substantial payment has been made and sixteen men put to work, who will be kept going all winter, to open up the property. Col. Conrad, prior to Mr. Ella's departure from White Horse, also completed a deal for the purchase of the Dail and Fleming property adjoining the Venus mine.

In the Porcupine district Messrs. Conrad and Harvey, of the Porcupine Gold Mining company, had completed a big flume and were employing about 150 men on their hydraulic proposition. The ground being worked had proven up to their highest expectations, and as much as \$12.40 to the cubic yard was being taken. This is probably the richest hydraulic property in British Columbia. Owing to the success of the wash-up, practically all the shares of the company have been withdrawn from the market.

Mr. Ella said he was given to understand before leaving White Horse that a project was under way for an aerial tramway over the Chilkoot pass to carry ores to tidewater in competition with the White Pass and Yukon railway. Mr. Ribbet, the well known aerial tramway expert was said to be on his way north in connection with the project. It is proposed to transport the ores from the Wheaton river district to Partridge pass and by way of the west arm of Lake Bennett and that lake to Lake Lindeman. He was also informed that the United States government is considering a road wagon road over which sheep and cattle can be driven from Haines mission to the Porcupine district.

Run Down by Train.

Chatham, Ont., Sept. 28.—George Gibson, of Ridgeway, and his team of horses were struck and instantly killed by the Michigan Central railway flyer while crossing the tracks near Mull on Saturday.

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Tuesday, September 29, 1903

THE FRASER CENTENARY

Today the Exhibition at New Westminster opens, and the occasion will be somewhat unique, because it will be marked by an historical commemoration of the one hundredth anniversary of the discovery of the Fraser river by the pioneer, whose name it bears. The story of this discovery has already been told in the Colonist and it would be superfluous to repeat it, but we may say that among the events in the early history of the Northwest Coast none was of more interest or of greater importance. The existence of the Fraser was suspected by Galiano, one of the Spanish navigators, who explored this coast, when he was cruising off its mouth during the summer of 1792. Others also spoke of it but none of the early explorers, as far as we are aware, ever entered the river. In the following year Mackenzie was told by the Indians living near the Peace river that there was a great stream flowing to the south though it did not empty into the ocean. On June 17th, 1795, Mackenzie reached the Fraser, but he supposed its waters to be those of the Columbia, and the map of his travels, which he prepared, discloses that this was his conformed opinion. Indeed, when thirteen years later Fraser reached the river he supposed also that it was the Columbia. It was in 1806 that Fraser set out on the memorable expedition, which has handed down his name to posterity. He spent part of two years in the region through which the Grand Trunk Pacific is about to be built, and in the summer of 1808 set out to follow the Fraser to the sea. He left Fort George about the middle of May. Some doubt has been expressed as to whether or not the intrepid explorer ever reached the sea, but there seems to be abundant evidence that he did. It was a journey of great peril, as those who have gone through the lower canon of the river on the Canadian Pacific can readily understand. Unfortunately these explorers, while great in the field of action, were not experts in the art of relating their deeds, so that we are left to guess at much of their experience in descending rapids, climbing mountain sides, dealing with suspicious Indians and suffering from toil, exposure and privation. It is eminently fitting that the heroic deeds of Fraser should be commemorated in the prosperous city, which stands upon the banks of the river bearing his name. It was a great achievement to follow that river to the sea, and perhaps it can be claimed with truth that it was the chief means whereby any part of the Northwest Coast became British territory.

EXPLANATION NEEDED

Mr. Templeman has on one or two occasions spoken of the patriotic course of the Dominion Government in taking over the responsibility of maintaining the defences at Halifax and Esquimalt, and some of his colleagues have referred to this as an act which demonstrates beyond all question the desire of Canada to bear its share of the Imperial burden. We remember that when the matter was proposed the Colonist heartily endorsed it as a step in the right direction. We also recall that the newspaper, which may be assumed to speak for Mr. Templeman, assured the public that what the Imperial authorities had done would be small in comparison with what the Dominion government was going to do. In the days before the transfer, there were some five hundred or more soldiers at Work Point and elsewhere in this vicinity and the Imperial authorities had brought out two fine guns to be installed on Signal Hill. The people, who regretted the loss that would be occasioned in a business way by the withdrawal of the Imperial forces, were assured that Canadian troops would spend more money and business would be the gainer. Sir Frederick Borden, Minister of Militia, came out to see and be seen. He talked informally and pleasantly and said many things that were good to hear. Among them was a statement that the Militia Department was going to complete the fortifications, keep the garrison up to its former strength and generally maintain an establishment here of which Victoria and Canada as a whole would be proud.

What are the facts? The Signal Hill guns remain where the Imperial authorities left them, and the garrison of five hundred and upwards is represented by less than six score men, exclusively of the officers. Neither the officers nor the men will understand that we mean to reflect upon them personally when we say that the force now maintained here is the hollowest kind of a farce. The promise to keep this military station in a state of efficiency has not been kept.

Now, here is one of the things which Mr. Templeman might take time to explain. He might take his constituency into his confidence and tell it why there is such a vast difference between promise and performance in this matter. Mr. Templeman will once more observe that we make no charges or insinuations of any kind. He offered in one of his speeches delivered since he came home to explain everything, and we are only suggesting some of the things which he ought to explain at the earliest possible moment. We think that every person, who knows the facts, will admit that the alleged assumption of an Imperial responsibility, so far as the maintenance of Esquimalt is concerned, is a farce of the rankest kind, and that the Dominion government is taking credit on false pretences, when it tells the world that it has relieved the British taxpayer by assuming charges, which he used to bear. Half the claim is true. The British taxpayer has been relieved. The other half is not true, for this burden has not been assumed. Not that the Minister of Militia is not spending enough money for the results he gets. He is spending far too much for all the good it is doing. Our point is that the maintenance of this Outpost of the Empire has been neglected, and we would like Mr. Templeman to tell us why.

A NEW THEATRE.

We print this morning a circular letter that is to be sent out by the Victoria Musical Society. That excellent organization, realizing the great need of a new and modern theatre in this city, has undertaken the task of interesting the public in it. It will be seen from the circular that the building and land will cost about \$150,000. We are informed that a site can be obtained and that the owner of the land will accept stock in payment for it, but the Society is not pledged to take the ground, and we only mention the matter to show that a part of the cost can, if necessary, be met without raising any money for that special purpose. The desire of the Society is to have a large number of small subscriptions in preference to a small number of large subscriptions, so that the public may feel a sense of proprietorship in the structure. It goes without saying that in a growing city like ours, money invested in a first class theatre will be safe, for the demand for such a structure will be greater as the years pass.

Mr. Ricketts is willing to lease the theatre at a rental that will pay a fair rate of interest. People subscribing to the project will, therefore, have no reason to fear that their money will remain unprofitable, although we have no doubt that there are many people in Victoria, who would be very glad to aid in erecting a good theatre, even if they had no prospect of getting any return for their money.

It has been understood for some time that the best companies were growing very unwilling to come to Victoria because of the poor facilities afforded by the Victoria Theatre, and the small seating capacity of the house. The people who are coming here to live are accustomed to patronize good places of amusement, as every one of the older residents of the city realizes, when he looks upon the few faces seen at every performance. The number of people who make extended visits here is also growing, and they are of a class that will patronize a good theatre. Just as the building of the Empress Hotel created business, so the building of a new, modern theatre will create business. We hope that the response to the energetic effort of the Musical Society will be prompt and generous.

THE EXHIBITION.

The tumult and the shouting having died, the live stock and the racers having departed, it is fitting that we take a brief glance over the recent exhibition. There were some critics. There always are critics. Some of them are reasonable, some of them are absurd. The critic who suggests that the capacity of the grand stand might be enlarged and the approaches to it improved, and that improvements might be made in some minor ways, is right, and his ideas will doubtless be carried into effect. For ourselves, we think that the management did wonders in getting things into such excellent shape as they were. The critic who says that more people would go to the exhibition if a better car service were provided is also correct, but of course the fault does not lie with the exhibition authorities. The Electric Railway people did exceedingly well with the appliances at their command, but it is necessary that they should do much better, for it is a fact that a good many people were kept away from the exhibition because they did not wish to put up with the crush on the cars. At the same time, we wish to add a word in recognition of the very capable manner in which the company's officers handled a very difficult situation, and this observation applies to every one engaged in the service. Manager Goward, Traffic Manager Gibson, the motomeetors and conductors all deserve great praise, and special mention must be made of the unfailing kindness and courtesy of the last named under circumstances of a trying character. There were some excellent horses on the track, and good time was made in many of the races, but there is a widespread impression that everything was not just as it ought to be. Here again it is impossible to lay any responsibility upon the shoulders of the management, but mention is made of the matter in the hope that if there

was any ground of complaint it may not be repeated at the next race meeting. We have no charges to make, but feel it to be a duty to mention that, in connection with several events, there was a good deal of dissatisfaction. The Horse Show was a feature that was very highly appreciated, and, we venture to think, one that will gain in popularity. The pavilion in which it was held was admirably adapted for the purpose, and the events were put on in capital style. We think that the decision of the judges gave universal satisfaction. We hope that on the next occasion a show is held Victoria horse owners will participate more largely. There are many fine animals in this city and vicinity that ought to have been shown.

The general arrangements for the exhibition were by far the best ever seen in Victoria. Everything went off smoothly. We wish to congratulate every one concerned upon the success of these arrangements and the manner in which they were carried out; and although a very great part of the credit necessarily belongs to Mr. Smart, it is shared by all who had anything to do with the work. There was a courtesy exhibited on the part of all the employees which did much to make the affair a success.

Finally we wish to congratulate the people of Victoria. They displayed something like enthusiasm. They might have displayed more, but they did well for a beginning. Next year we expect that they will improve. Especially do we wish to congratulate every one upon their good behavior. There was practically no drunkenness and absolutely no rowdiness. It was a thoroughly Victorian crowd that filled the stand and thronged the enclosures, a crowd that was good natured and bent upon enjoying itself, but never for one moment forgot that every one present had rights that ought to be respected.

Once more we congratulate the management, and add that we look forward to future exhibitions with a confidence that has been the growth of experience.

THE NEW VOTE.

It is estimated that there are a quarter of a million names on the voters' lists this year that were not on it at the last election. If any one could tell how this vote is going to be cast, he would come pretty close to telling the result of the election. New voters have a natural tendency to vote with the Opposition, not necessarily because they think the outs any better than the ins, but because the new voter is very likely to be of the opinion on general principles that there ought to be a change. A good many columns of advice have been printed addressed to these new voters, and they have been assured of the solemnity of the duty devolving upon them in a manner that would be very convincing, if it were not that they see their seniors given to regarding the franchise as not quite as sacred a thing as it really ought to be. We feel like giving them a little advice ourselves. First, we suggest that they should post themselves as to the real facts involved in Canadian politics. Next that they should endeavor to get at the real principles, and next that they should get out and work for the candidates, who appear to them to represent what is best in the political situation as it presents itself today. We lay special stress upon the latter part of the advice, that is the desirability of getting out and working.

We think that the case, as presented by the Conservatives ought to commend itself to the new voters in preference to the case presented by the Liberals. These new voters must necessarily ally themselves with one political party or another. It does not follow that they must all decide at the outset whether they will be Conservatives, Liberals or something else. There are enough hide-bound partisans in the country any way. We would like to see the new voters be Canadians first and partisans afterwards. If they will act on this principle and examine the record of the Liberal government, they will be very likely, as Canadian citizens, exercising for the first time their franchise, to employ it to bring about a better state of things than Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his colleagues have given us during the past four or five years.

THE GENERAL OUTLOOK.

The Colonist endeavors to give its readers as fair an idea of how the political situation is as is possible from the perusal of the eastern papers. We make allowance for partisan bias, as far as we are able. While it must be admitted that the public meetings addressed by Sir Wilfrid Laurier have been very large, the most friendly critic must concede that he has not said very much at any of them that is calculated to strengthen the waning confidence of the people in his administration. There is a touch of pathos in some of his appeals. They seem to be those of a man, who feels himself dragged down by associates, whose political course he has been unable to control. When he asks to be allowed to finish the Grand Trunk Pacific, a work with which he says he hopes his name will be always associated, he makes the plea of a leader, who is endeavoring by the force of his own personality to offset the disastrous effect of the maladministration, which has flourished during his regime, and the colossal errors committed by himself and his ministers as to the cost of the new railway. His speeches are not those of a man confident of victory, but rather of one who dreads defeat, because of things for which he is not personally responsible, except

in so far as a premier must be held responsible for the acts of his colleagues. We quote the observations of the Montreal Gazette as to the progress of the Conservative campaign.

The meetings that have welcomed Mr. Borden and his fellow speakers in this province have been notable, not only for the size of the audiences, but for the evident sympathy with the ideas put forth of those who composed them. The Quebec city meeting was a large one. That at Sherbrooke was large beyond expectations. That at Cowansville was in keeping with the others and in some of its features par-took of the character of a popular ovation. That at Montreal was large, sympathetic and encouraging to those who in the city and its suburbs will uphold the Opposition cause at the coming election. The four meetings, like those in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, can only be regarded as evidence of a changed feeling among the people, of weariness with the waste and graft the present Liberal administration permits and even favors, and of a popular purpose to bring about a better state of affairs in the national administration. Quebec is evidently in line with the other provinces in desiring a better order at Ottawa. The leaders of the government, as well as others, see this. It is intimated that Sir Wilfrid Laurier has abandoned his intention of going to the West, and will spend the three weeks before the election day in Quebec, seeking to maintain his hold upon the province, and leaving to his colleagues the task of checking in the other parts of the country the drift from his party that is imperilling its future. Evidently there has been a loss of confidence in the government ranks as notable as is the gain in those of the Opposition. It certainly looks as if the much needed change was coming.

Lieut. General Sir Reginald Pole-Carew pays his respects to Mr. Hamar Greenwood in a letter which we print this morning. It is now Mr. Hamar Greenwood's turn.

Mr. Thomas Greenway, who has been appointed to the Railway Commission, is seventy-seven years old. This seems late in life for a man to learn a new business.

The reports received by the Canadian Bank of Commerce from its branches in southern Alberta all represent the crop as exceptionally large and of high quality. In very few instances will the yield be less than 30 bushels to the acre.

We note some severe criticism of the recent appointments to the Railway Commission. The nomination of Mr. D'Arcy Scott to the Board was much of a surprise to a great many people, and it is stated very freely that his appointment was a part of the consideration for the retirement of his father from the office of Secretary of State.

Through an unintentional omission mention was not made of the fact that the very interesting paper on "Coal Dust," printed in this paper on Sunday and written by the Messrs. Ashworth, was read at the meeting of the Canadian Mining Institute. We regret this especially because the Colonist was under obligations to the President of the Association for the use of the paper.

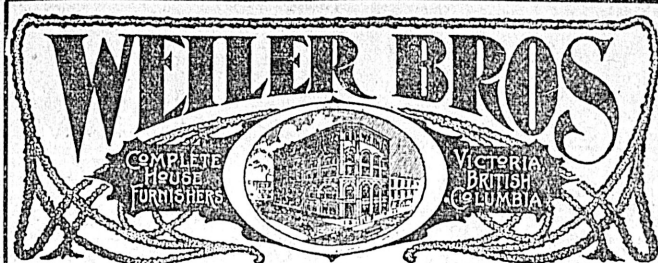
It is highly satisfactory to learn that the number of cases of Asiatic cholera occurring in Russia is on the decrease. So far there have been over 15,000 reported cases, of which about one half terminated fatally. While this is a very severe affliction, it is comparatively insignificant in point of numbers and in the percentage of deaths, when compared with previous ravages of this awful disease. During the last hundred years there have been at least twelve outbreaks of this disease, not including its ravages in India, where it is endemic. On each of the first two occasions, when this scourge visited England, there were upwards of fifty thousand deaths in that country alone. The greatest triumph of medical science is its ability to deal with the visitations of this disease and others, which in former times afflicted countries for many years at a time and left whole cities uninhabited.

The silly Times is yet pretending to believe that the Colonist "libelled the administration of justice in Canada." What's the matter with our contemporary? We quote the following as its latest contribution to the gaudy of nations. Speaking of the Colonist, it says: "If by some unhappy accident it ever gets into anything deeper than its native mud bath it would sink into an abyss from which it could never rise supremely impotent again." This is the one thing for which the voters of Victoria have been languishing. Our good friend the Minister of Inland Revenue has made a lot of promises as to what he is going to tell the people of this city, and we have endeavored to help him by proposing some things that need clearing up. We supposed that the newspaper, which might naturally be supposed to speak for him, would have something to say, but it has not. It emits only drivel. It contents itself with making faces at the Colonist. We suppose the explanation of the matter is that the Times has been told to keep quiet. It made such a monumental mess of things when it tried to discuss politics at the last provincial campaign that it has had a muzzle put on it.

The Abyssinian Crown Prince

The Abyssinian Crown Prince, Lidi Eyassu, the grandson of the Emperor Menelek, is to start on his European tour within a few weeks. He is to begin his visit to European capitals by Rome, arriving in Paris during the winter. The young Prince will be accompanied by his father, the Ras Mikhael, and a number of Abyssinian officers and high officials. After Rome and Paris, Lidi Eyassu will visit London, Berlin, St. Petersburg, Vienna and Constantinople.

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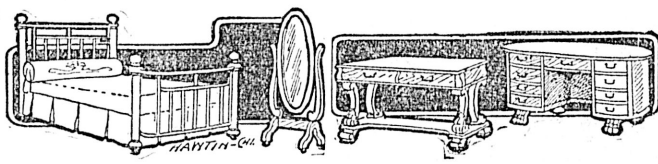
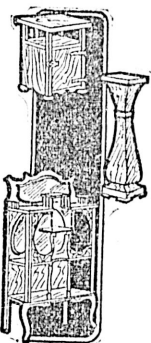


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New Autumn Offerings

EVEN though you do not anticipate the purchase of any furniture now, you couldn't spend a few moments to better advantage than in looking over our Autumn offerings in the Furniture way. The showing really is exceptional, and scored a great success during Exhibition week. Many saw our offerings then, and flattering, indeed, were the comments. Now, you are welcome to come, and under no obligation to purchase, so "make a note" to visit Weiler's this week. We are especially strong in Bedroom Furniture, and offer some really attractive styles in these lines. In Early English finished ideas we also offer much of merit. You'll see the latest ideas here, so come.



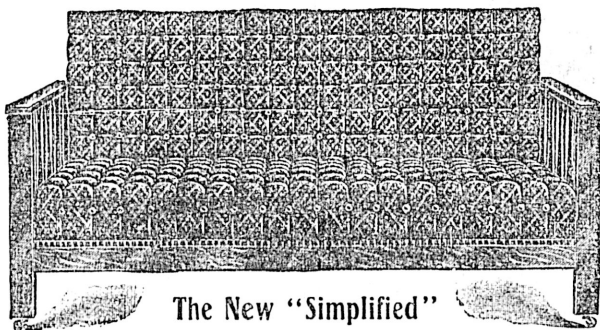
New Davenport Bed Styles

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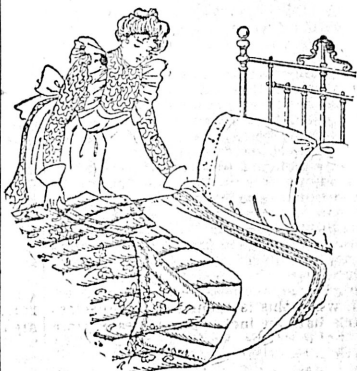
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BRITISH OPINION

Curtain of Wine Corks

One of the most fashionable clubs in Berlin has in its supper room a curtain made of champagne corks. Four thousand corks with their silver or gilt covering have been threaded on thin rods decorated with colored ribbons and embellished with small copper balls. It gives a very decorative effect at a distance and has the appearance of a Japanese panel. Each time a cork is popped, the champagne costs about a sovereign, so that the curtain represents an expenditure of something like £4,000.

The English stage has witnessed many dramas woven round the Faust legend which the latest of these, "The earnest is of course Marlowe's," celebrated out now obsolete version, "The Life and Death of Dr. Faustus." This was first staged in 1594, and during a portion of its "run" the role of Faustus was sustained by Alleyn, who afterwards founded Dulwich college. In the seventeenth century several pantomime writers, and notably Gifford, took the story, which they did not hesitate to interperse with songs and dances. A very popular example of this period was one entitled "Harlequin Doctor Faustus; or the Devil Will Have His Own." Then, in 1825, two Georgian dramatists, Soane and Terry, made a very romantic and musical play out of it, which they produced at Drury Lane. Just a quarter of a century afterwards (says the Westminster Gazette) Charles Kean staged "Faust and Marguerite" at the Princess's, casting himself for Mephistopheles. In the early sixties Drury Lane audiences witnessed a blank-verse adaptation from the pen of Bayle Bernard, with Phelps as Mephistopheles and Mrs. Fennell as Marguerite. More than thirty years ago Sir W. S. Gilbert's "Gretchen," founded on the Goethe legend, which was produced in 1879. Willis's memorable "Faust" made its bow at the Lyceum in December, 1885, Mephistopheles and Margaret being sustained by Irving and Miss Ellen Terry. Finally, even musical comedy librettists have found a handy Faust story. In "Faust, Up-to-Date," the latest success of some twenty years ago.

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NEWS OF THE CITY

Morning Service Discontinued

The morning services in Christ church cathedral are discontinued during the present week to permit of cleaning and ordinary repairs.

To Hold Sale

The ladies of the Emergency club have decided to hold their Christmas sale early in October in the Balmoral parlors, kindly lent for the occasion by Mrs. White.

Successful Operation

The seven-year-old daughter of Mr. John Lang successfully underwent yesterday in St. Joseph's hospital, an operation for appendicitis. The case was serious, as the appendix was perforated, but she will recover.

Will Open Exhibition

Premier the Hon. Richard McBride left last night for New Westminster where he will open the Simon Fraser exhibition today. Tomorrow he will also be present at the unveiling of the pioneer's statue.

Winning Numbers in Tombola

The winning numbers in the tombola held by the Art Union for hand painted china painted by Miss Edith Cowper at the exhibition last Saturday, were: 1st prize, E. W. Johnson; 2nd, A. A. Boorman; 3rd, Mrs. T. Brunsdon; 4th, I. Cumming.

Stricken With Apoplexy

The many friends of Mr. Charles Newton Young, of Duncan, B.C., will be grieved to hear of his serious illness. He was seized with apoplexy on Monday last and was removed to the Chemist's hospital, where but slight hopes are given for his recovery.

Native Sons

Post No. 1 of the Native Sons of British Columbia at its meeting at the K. of P. hall tonight will inaugurate a series of continuous progressive whist tournaments, the first to follow throughout the coming winter.

Building Permits Issued

Building permits have been taken out by T. P. McConnell, who will erect a dwelling on Menzies street to cost \$2,300; to William Andrews for a dwelling on Crescent road, to cost \$3,000; to S. Wales for a dwelling on Southgate street to cost \$300, and James Smith who will make some alterations to his dwelling on May street.

Big Real Estate Auction

A big auction of real estate takes place today in Vancouver, when Rankin & Ford of that city will offer for sale the provincial holdings in North Vancouver and also lots 206 and 217 in the New Westminster district. These have been subdivided and are situated on Burrard Inlet. Eight hundred acres on Lulu Island and the Trennatt school reserve will also be offered for sale. Those last are farm lands.

For Gravel Plant

The first parts of the plant to be installed at Mount Tomley by the Linham Sand and Gravel company, arriver from Columbus, Ohio, over the G. N. railway and the V. & S. ferry road yesterday. It is expected that all the machinery will be here this week in which event there will be little further delay in the inauguration of active operations on a large scale at the gravel beds of the northeastern district.

Laying Water Mains

The work of laying the mains for the last water high-pressure system of fire protection has commenced, and a large gang of men have been employed for the past few days laying the main on Broughton street, and yesterday the work of digging the trench on Government street, from Johnson street to Herald street, was started. These two streets are on the list of streets to be paved and the main are being laid there first in order that the work of paving can be started as soon as possible.

Dr. Garesche Disqualified

A. J. Garesche, D. D. S., has been struck off the rolls of dentists in this province, on account of alleged unprofessional conduct as disclosed in the sensational case in which he was involved last spring. The action was taken by the governing body of dentists, under the provisions of the Dental act passed at the last session. A. E. McPhillips appeared for Dr. Garesche, and it is understood, will appeal to the supreme court. One of the grounds of appeal is understood to be that the conduct complained of took place before the passage of the act.

Indians Returning

On the steamer Princess Victoria on Sunday was a band of 36 Indians and yesterday an equally large contingent of Shawshes arrived by the steamer Chippewa, returning from the hop fields of Kent, Auburn and vicinity, where they have been engaged for some weeks picking hops. The returning Indians camped temporarily on the wharves until a flotilla of canoes and big sailboats was sent from the encampments on the upper harbor to the camp on the Shinghar reserve at Hospital point where the hop contingent was added to the natives under canvas across the harbor.

Will Vote on Bylaw Today

The vote on the bylaw to authorize the raising of \$150,000 for the purpose of installing a system of surface drainage will take place today at the poll being held at room No. 3, Market building from 9 a.m. to 7 p.m. William Seaworth will act as returning officer. Only property owners whose names appear on the assessment roll are entitled to vote. In view of the urgent need of the extension of the present system of surface drainage and the laying of new drains in many parts of the city where the drainage has hitherto been wholly inadequate, the members of the city council are anxious that the measure should pass.

Good Guessers

The winners of the guessing contest in connection with the exhibit of Moore & Whittington at the exhibition were as follows: First, Mrs. Williams of 94 Market street, and W. Few, of George street, both of whom accurately guessed the weight of the log upon the weight of which many hazardous guesses. Miss M. Campbell of 715 Wilson street, guessed within four ounces of the weight and will get third prize, a meat safe. Mrs. Williams and Mr. Few will draw for first and second prizes, a rocker settee and a garden seat. The weight of the log was 1,365 pounds and both guessed the exact weight.

Veterans to Consider Land Grant

A meeting of the British Campaigners' association will be held at the Y.M.C.A. rooms tomorrow evening, further to consider the land grant embroglio. Invitations have been received from other campaigners' associations requesting the general cooperation of the veterans in Canada,

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who now number some 8,000, in petitioning the Dominion government to make some alteration in the regulations which will protect those grantees who do not wish to go upon their lands and perform settlement duties, which at the present time is made imperative.

Laymen's Missionary Movement

A meeting of the committee in charge of the preparations for the Laymen's Missionary Movement meetings which will be held on Oct. 4-7 is called for the Y.M.C.A. rooms this evening at 8 o'clock. Capt. McIntosh presiding, and the final arrangements for these meetings will be made.

Diocesan Women's Auxiliary

The annual meeting of the Diocesan Women's Auxiliary will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock in the Christ Church cathedral schoolroom. One of the lady speakers will be Mrs. Martha Gielow, a churchwoman of unusual distinction, who will discuss the conditions of the white mountaineers in the southern states.

Recital in Cathedral Schoolroom

Mrs. Martha Gielow, a visitor from the distant state of Alabama, will give this evening in Christ church cathedral schoolroom an author's recital, entitled "Plantation Songs and Stories." Mrs. Gielow is not merely one of the foremost authorities upon this most attractive subject, but she has taken a deep and abiding interest in the class of white mountaineers in the southern states, who are said to number not less than three million souls.

Business Change

Wescott, Bros., the proprietors of the Quality Drygoods House, Yates street, who have been in business together now for upwards of eleven years have dissolved partnership. Mr. J. R. Wescott, through ill health, is forced to withdraw from the business to enable him to go abroad or undertake some outdoor avocation more suitable to his health. Mr. E. E. Wescott, the elder brother of the firm, takes over the whole business and will continue it in his own name.

Arrange For Tonight's Meeting

The Rev. Dr. Spencer, Rev. H. A. Carson and Mr. A. J. Pineo, M.A., members of the Citizens' League committee, and the Rev. S. J. Thompson, the president of the league met at the Y.M.C.A. rooms yesterday afternoon, to make the arrangements for the meeting this evening in the city hall when the local option campaign for this city will be opened. Rev. Mr. Thompson will preside, and the other speakers will be the Rev. T. E. Holling, the pastor of the Metropolitan church, and Mr. W. J. Short.

OBITUARY NOTICES

Cathcart.

Mrs. Henry Cathcart, a well known resident of this city, died at the family residence, 1266 Johnson street, yesterday morning. The late lady will be greatly missed by her friends, for she had a wide circle of friends and was universally esteemed. She leaves a large family, her husband, five sons and six daughters. They are: William Cathcart, of the firm of McCandless Bros. & Cathcart; Henry, in the lands and works department; James, who is in Chemainus; John, in the firm of W. & J. Wilson; and J. R. who lives in Dawson. The daughters are Mrs. John McPherson, of Cowichan, who was not in the city at the time of her mother's death; Mrs. Creeden and Mrs. Marks, and the unmarried daughters, two of whom teach school in Victoria and one is a nurse in Vancouver.

Balentine.

The funeral of the late Frederick Balentine, whose body arrived in the city from San Francisco yesterday, will take place from the Hanna chapel at 2:30 p.m. Thursday. Rev. Dr. MacRae officiating. The late gentleman was a native of Scotland and 29 years of age. He was well known here as the son of Mrs. J. B. Balentine, of 610 Hillside avenue.

Oakes.

The funeral of the late Peter Oakes will take place from the family residence, 114 Niagara street, this afternoon at 2:30 p.m. Service will be held in St. James church at 2:45 o'clock. Rev. Mr. Sweet officiating.

Ray.

George Washington Ray, a resident of New South Wales, died on Sunday. He was a native of Birmingham, Eng., and 72 years of age. The funeral takes place tomorrow at 2:30 o'clock.

Falconer.

The funeral of the infant child of Mr. and Mrs. J. Falconer took place yesterday afternoon from the Hanna parlors at 2:30 o'clock. Rev. Dr. Campbell was the officiating clergyman.

THE WEATHER

Meteorological office, Victoria, B. C., at 8 p.m. September 28, 1913.

SYNOPSIS.

Although the barometer remains high in this vicinity the weather is unsettled north of the Columbia river while to the southward the warm weather continues. Rain has fallen on the Lower Mainland and in Cariboo. The weather is becoming milder in the Prairie provinces.

TEMPERATURE.

	Min.	Max.
Victoria	43	55
Vancouver	50	55
New Westminster	48	54
Kamloops	43	54
Langley	43	54
Calgary, Alta.	32	60
Winnipeg, Man.	26	42
Portland, Ore.	44	70
San Francisco	60	81

For 24 hours from 5 a.m. (Pacific Time) Tuesday:
Victoria and Vicinity: Winds mostly southerly, chiefly cloudy with showers.

Fall Opening OF New Goods

Splendid exhibit of Furs from \$2.50 to \$17.50 each.
UMBRELLAS, the best value that we have had, from \$1.00 to \$5.00 each.
FOWNE'S KID GLOVES, at \$1.25 and \$1.50 per pair.
SATIN FINISH VENETIAN CLOTH, in black and colors. Extra value at 80c per yard.
MOTOR SCARVES, at 75c and \$1.00 each.

G. A. Richardson & Co.
VICTORIA HOUSE
636 YATES ST.

EARRINGS

Are Again Very Fashionable
We have just received a large consignment of the latest fads and fancies in Earrings

For Pierced and Unpierced Ears

Charming ornaments set with Pearls, Amethysts, Pink Coral, and Diamonds.
Prices, per pair, from \$2.00 to \$350.00.

W. H. Wilkerson

915 Government Street
Telephone 1606

Victoria Convalescent and Nursing Home

A commodious and fully-equipped, modern nursing home for both acute and convalescent cases.

MATRON
Nurse M. E. Madigan
Assisted by
Nurse.....W. W. Hardie
Nurse.....E. G. Saunders
And competent staff of fully certified nurses.
For Tariff and Charges, address
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VICTORIA NURSING HOME
1234 Pandora Street, Victoria, B.C.

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SKILLED LONDON TAILORRESS

Desires sewing by the day or week, either at her rooms or out. Her specialties are: making up ladies' children's, and misses' tailored costumes, coats etc., remodelling gowns, costumes, and coats.

TERMS MODERATE
Apply either by letter or interview to

929 Johnson Street
or Phone No. 1028

Lower Mainland: Light or moderate winds, mostly cloudy with showers.

SUNDAY.

Highest.....61

Lowest.....50

Mean.....55

Sunshine, 3 hours, 42 minutes.

MONDAY.

Highest.....55

Lowest.....43

Mean.....49

Rain, trace.

TIDE TABLE

Victoria, B. C., September, 1913.

Date.	Time of High Tide	Time of Low Tide	Time of High Tide	Time of Low Tide
1	10 59 47	6 55 6	12 00 0	5 18 26
2	11 46 41	8 10 21	1 11 48	6 01 16
3	12 41 39	9 00 0	2 11 48	6 49 06
4	13 42 29	9 50 0	3 11 48	7 40 30
5	14 47 24	10 40 0	4 11 48	8 35 15
6	15 51 20	11 30 0	5 11 48	9 32 26
7	16 52 19	12 20 0	6 11 48	10 22 00
8	17 50 15	1 10 0	7 11 48	11 13 50
9	18 45 08	2 00 0	8 11 48	12 07 02
10	19 36 58	2 50 0	9 11 48	1 01 45
11	20 25 45	3 40 0	10 11 48	1 57 59
12	21 11 29	4 30 0	11 11 48	2 55 41
13	21 54 10	5 20 0	12 11 48	3 54 41
14	22 33 58	6 10 0	1 11 48	4 54 41
15	23 10 43	7 00 0	2 11 48	5 55 41
16	23 44 24	7 50 0	3 11 48	6 57 41
17	24 15 01	8 40 0	4 11 48	7 59 41
18	24 42 74	9 30 0	5 11 48	8 59 41
19	25 05 53	10 20 0	6 11 48	9 57 41
20	25 25 17	11 10 0	7 11 48	10 52 41
21	25 40 56	12 00 0	8 11 48	11 43 41
22	25 52 99	1 00 0	9 11 48	12 30 41
23	26 00 74	2 00 0	10 11 48	1 13 41
24	26 04 51	3 00 0	11 11 48	1 52 41
25	26 06 58	4 00 0	12 11 48	2 27 41
26	26 06 58	5 00 0	1 11 48	3 08 41
27	26 04 51	6 00 0	2 11 48	3 45 41
28	25 99 99	7 00 0	3 11 48	4 18 41
29	25 00 74	8 00 0	4 11 48	4 47 41
30	24 00 00	9 00 0	5 11 48	5 12 41

The time used is Pacific Standard, for the 120th Meridian west. It is counted from 0 to 24 hours, from midnight to midnight. The figures for height serve to distinguish high water from low water.
The height is in feet and tenths of a foot above the average level of the lowest low water in each month of the year. This level is half a foot lower than the datum to which the soundings on the Admiralty chart of Victoria harbor are reduced.

Amherst shoes for men who work.

There are over 220 cups of "Salada" Tea to the pound; consequently at 40 cents per pound, the consumer receives tea at the low cost of one-fifth of a cent a cup. There are few other beverages so economical and as healthful as "Salada" Tea.

Ladies' and Children's Fall Underwear—Vests, Combinations, Drawers, Black Tights and Corset covers; best makes. Prices, right. At Robinson's Cash Store, 642 Yates street.

Three Necessities for Hunters

POCKET COMPASSES, from...\$3.00 Up
THERMOS BOTTLES, from...\$3.50 Up
RELIABLE WATCHES, from...\$2.50 Up

REDFERN'S GOVERNMENT STREET

SPECIAL

17 Jeweled Elgin Adjusted to time and position, in a 20-year gold filled case, for.....\$10.00

STODDART JEWELLRY STORE, 653 YATES ST.

Two Doors from Douglas

COAL

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Sole Agents for The New Wellington Coal, at current rates; 5 per cent off for cash with order.
OFFICE, 1203 BROAD ST.
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Sashes Doors and Woodwork of all Kinds

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ROCK BAY VICTORIA, B. C.

Rough and Dressed Lumber, Shingles, Laths, Etc.

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T. ELFORD, Manager.

Telephone 162

THE SHAWNIGAN LAKE LUMBER CO., Ltd.

MILLS: SHAWNIGAN LAKE

Manufacturers of Rough and Dressed Fir and Cedar Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Mouldings, Etc. of the best quality. Seasoned Kiln-Dried Flooring and Finishing Lumber always in stock.

Office and Yards: Government and Discovery Streets, Victoria, B. C.

For Lumber, Sash, Doors and all kinds of Building Material, go to

The Taylor Mill Co.

Limited Liability.

Mill, Office, and yards: 2116 Government St., P.O. Box 628. Telephone 564.

NOTICE---Companies Act, 1897. Sec. 82

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Taylor Pattison Mill Co., Limited, intends to apply to the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council for permission to change the name of said Company to the "Cameron Lumber Company, Limited."

Taylor-Pattison Mill Co., Limited

Dated the 18th Day of June, A.D. 1908.
Per D. O. CAMERON, Secretary.

BONE FERTILIZER

(Manufactured by Ourselves.)

Now is the proper time to use it on your fruit trees, lawns, flower beds and every kind of shrubs.
Per ton 2,000 lbs. \$35.00.
Per 100 lbs. \$2.00.

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Japanese Fancy Goods

Best Store to Get the Oriental Souvenirs

THE MIKADO BAZAAR

1404 Government St., cor. Johnson Street. Victoria Hotel Block.

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YARD, 1924 STORE STREET, SPRATT'S WHARF

Also dimension shingles, plain and fancy butts. Good fir laths always in stock. Prompt delivery made and satisfaction given.

F. S. McIntosh, Salesman.

MR. JOSEPH MARTIN, K. C.

Will Address the

Electors of Victoria

On the Political Questions of the Day, at

Institute

We Have Just Received a Carload of



Lorain Ranges

DO YOU NEED A RANGE?

The Lorain is a work of art. Do not fail to see a Lorain. Let us tell you about its merits. And you will enthuse with us.

B. C. Hardware Co., Ltd.

Corner Broad and Yates Street Post Office Box 683 Phone 82

Electric Lighting Effects

The convenience and luxury of electricity as a luminant reaches its zenith in the home where beautiful electric lighting fixtures are used. We have the most complete stock of electric fixtures of all kinds to be seen anywhere in Western Canada. Wall Brackets, Fixtures, Ceiling Lights, Hall Pendants, Bronze Statuettes, Dining Room Domes, etc.

Come in and See

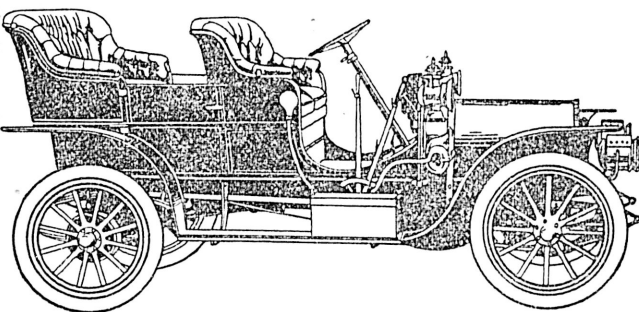
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Commercial course our specialty. All intending students meet Mr. W. W. Suttie, Instructor, Saturday night, 8 o'clock, to organize for winter course.

Prepare For Better Position and Better Pay.



To Make Room for Our 1909 Models We Are Offering the Following

Bargains in New and Second-Hand Cars

- A 15-20 H.P. 1908 model 4 cylinders Humber touring car fitted with magneto and a cumulator ignition. Head lights, side lamps, tail lamp, regular price \$2,750.00, now \$2,000.00
 - 16 H.P. Franklin touring car, new, with headlights, side lamps, tail lamp, horn, etc. Regular price \$2,450, now \$2,000.00
 - 10-12 H.P. Runabout, 4 cylinders, fitted with hood, glass screen, magneto and accumulator ignition, stepney wheel, and tire, head lights, side lamps and tail. This car is as good as new. Regular price \$2,250.00, now \$1,500.00
 - One second hand Reo touring car, 2 cylinders, fitted with top, head lights, side lamps, tail lamp. In good running order. Regular price \$1,650.00, now \$650.00
 - One second-hand Buick, 2 cylinder touring car, fitted with top, head lights, side lamps and tail lamp in good order. These cars have proved themselves to be a great success and this is a bargain at \$750.00
 - Rover Runabout, 6 H.P. cylinder, good as new \$500.00
 - One 15 H.P. Ford, 1908 model, 4 cylinders, fitted with top, head lights, side lamps, tail lamp, price last year \$1,050.00, now \$400.00
 - 45 H.P. Olds, 4 cylinders Oldsmobile, fitted with top, glass front, head lights, side lamps, tail lamp. This car was bought for \$3,350.00 last October and is in perfect running order and is a bargain at \$1,650.00
- We also carry a full line of tires of all makes at greatly reduced prices. Sole agents for Humber, Franklin, Rovers, Buick and Cadillac. Cars for hire, day or night.

PLIMLEY AUTO CO'Y, LTD.

TELEPHONE 695

In Finland everybody lives the simple life in summer time. They camp out on islands, in the forests, and always somewhere near the water, for everybody swims and eat at fresco at this time of year, and the town councils in the towns of this progressive and altogether delightful little country provide public fire places where the working classes go in search of fresh air.

But the simple life is by no means dull with the Finns. They come home at night with a surprising amount of gaiety. They eat, drink and are very merry in their picturesque little log cabins outside the cities.

When they are tired of bathing and splashing they dance, they sing, they watch fireworks and practice gymnastics; they all become like children and are the very happiest, merriest most

good natured, most easily pleased and most healthy holiday makers in the world. We might take many leaves from the Finns' book.—Ladies' Pictorial.

Stealing Coal Oil

In the police court yesterday a Chinaman named Chu Sang pleaded guilty to stealing a case of coal oil. The stuff came from the wharf, where it had been stored by R. P. Rihet. The chief of police remarked that such thefts were frequent and owing to the difficulty experienced in identifying the goods, it was a hard matter to catch the thief. A sentence of three months at hard labor was imposed.

Lever's Y-Z (Wise Head) Disinfectant Soap Powder is a boon to any home. It disinfects and cleans at the same time.

HERE AND THERE

There is nothing, perhaps, that adds more to the unkempt appearance of Victoria's streets than the long grass that is allowed to border the sidewalks, permanent and wooden, in the residential parts of the town. There is much talk of work proposed and some undertaken. But it is scarcely possible for the Parks committee before another year to extend this work very far. Could not the householders help this good work along? If every one determined that these unsightly patches would not border his or her premises the improvement in the appearance of the city would be very great. This would cost some time and trouble but the satisfaction, which the neat appearance of the home would have, would be worth the outlay. A determined effort should be made before next year to make the streets as neat and clean as our gardens are pretty. No one looking at the flowers at the exhibition would believe that Victorians were careless about the appearance of their city. What we all need is more public spirit.

It is hard for those who consider that the exercise of the franchise is a privilege to which women are entitled to look with any degree of patience on the antics of the British suffragettes. It really seems as if the followers of Mrs. Pankhurst were bent on demonstrating to the world that there are a great many women who demand votes who are in no sense fit to take part in the earnest work of ruling the country. If the tactics pursued by the suffragettes forward in the very least the cause of women suffrage, it is very certain that the harm they do is not only to the cause of women but to womanhood itself will far outweigh any advantage gained. The following cable despatch from London, if true, shows to what length of folly political excitement will cause women to go.

The latest suffragette fashion is the wearing of "martyr robes," which consists of a white dress adorned with ribbon of suffragette colors. The "martyr robes" are worn when welcoming prisoners from Holloway jail and when planning onslaughts on the Government. Last week two detachments of prisoners were released. They were greeted by a contingent of fellow workers fifty of whom dragged their carriage in place of horses. As the last detachment consisted of Scotch prisoners, special Highland arrangements were made, and bagpipes, white heather and much plaid drapery figured in the procession.

The city of Montreal has appointed twelve school inspectors who will devote their whole time to the work of promoting the health of the children. The number seems large but is not really so when we consider the size of the city. In every civilized country the necessity for such inspection is now fully recognized. In our own city the children are, on the whole, exceptionally healthy. Yet there is no teacher who does not know that there are pupils in every classroom who need the help which a wise physician can give. Sometimes a child is suffering from an ailment which affects himself alone, at others he is a source of danger to his classmates, as well as a sufferer from some disease. To help such children is the work of the medical inspector. This should not be forgotten and the parents should give him every assistance in their power. Too often, a child has been hindered for years in his studies because of defective sight or hearing which neither his parents or his teacher had discovered. With an efficient medical inspector this should be impossible. Then with the utmost care on the part of teachers it is impossible to prevent the admission of children suffering from the milder forms of infectious disease. It is in such cases that parents most frequently resent the interference of the school authorities. They should, however, remember that it is just as much in the interest of the children suffering from such an ailment, say, as ringworm, that the disease should be discovered and cured, for the sake of the other members of the class. The children will be greatly benefited if parents, teacher and medical inspector work together harmoniously.

The mother of a family of boys must in these days often be puzzled as to what to advise in regard to games. So sensible a mother, says a writer, that that the disease should be discovered and cured, for the sake of the other members of the class. The children will be greatly benefited if parents, teacher and medical inspector work together harmoniously.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS

Ripe tomatoes can be cooked in butter and a cupful of spaghetti added will make a tempting dish for luncheon.

Rub over new linings with hard and thoroughly heat it in the oven before using it, for thus it is protected from rust.

Mud stains on black skirts which will not yield to the clothes brush should be washed out with a little ammonia and water. Do not try to remove them with soapy water, or you will fix them more firmly.

When making gravy add a little parsley to the grease before putting in the flour, remove it after it is thoroughly cooked, add the flour and see what a delightful change it makes in the ordinary beef gravy.

To bring back color when taken out by any acid, make a weak solution of baking soda and water and into this dip the article which is faded; the color will be restored. This is especially effective in the shades of yellow.

In making mayonnaise dressing be sure to have fresh eggs. It is most important. It is better to use an egg beater than a spoon in mixing the condiments and a little lemon juice is not amiss in this dressing. If you wish to have light and fluffy mayonnaise add a cup of whipped cream just before the dressing is sent to the table. The lack of cream is what makes the mayonnaise in most restaurants such an oily and sad affair.

Burns and scalds are more likely to happen in the kitchen than in other parts of the house, so it is well to provide for the special use of the servants a bottle of carbol oil—a mixture of equal parts of linseed oil and lime water—add also a supply of soft linen rag or lint for their special use in case of emergencies. A clean, air-tight tin should be used for storing the band-aids, so that they may not get wet. The carbol oil relieves the pain of burns and scalds at once. The lint should be soaked in it and laid on the wound, to exclude the air, that healing may begin as soon as possible.

The Turkish Woman.

That even the present state of the Turkish woman has much in it that is contrary to the favored view of the woman of European nations is the opinion the correspondent of the London Chronicle, who says:

"Not that the Turkish woman has much to complain of with regard to the laws, for in this respect her position is considerably better than that of her English sister or that of any other European country. At marriage she is endowed with a separate estate, over which her husband has no control, and which remains hers even if she is divorced. She has the disposal of any money or possessions that may have been hers before her marriage, and in Turkey daughters inherit from parents equally with their brothers, this is often considerable. She can dispose of her possessions in life and in death as she pleases. She can sue her husband in the law courts and be sued by him and custom insists that the marriage settlement shall state a sum to be allowed her for housekeeping expenses and no one has a right to inquire how it is spent. Her husband is obliged to maintain her and her servants according to his means.

In fact the legal position of the Turkish woman is such a strong one that, though a Turk is allowed four wives, he rarely has more than one, both on account of the expense and also for fear of placing himself at the legal mercy of so many women. He is also most anxious to be considered and is loved with the most ardent affection by his European countries and he is aware that a plurality of wives is a fatal barrier to his ambition in this respect. Monogamy is very surely gaining ground and the harem life is losing its hold on the people. This is especially the case in Constantinople, where the native aristocracy is brought into closer touch with the customs of other races, and there is no doubt that in time it will be a thing of the past.

"We have long been accustomed to look upon the Turk as a sort of Bluebeard that it is difficult to realize that in most cases he is courteous, kindly gentleman, who suffers under great disadvantages, which in many cases he makes heroic efforts to overcome. He treats his wife with affection and respect and does not enter her company without first inquiring whether she is alone. He is very considerate to his wives and daughters, and the many cases of brutal ill-treatment of women and children which disgrace English civilization would be looked upon with horror in Turkey."

How to Mark Bed Linen.

Sheets and pillow cases are generally bought ready made in these days, but it is not possible to spare the time they can be made much better at home, and in this case the best set may become pretty fancy work, as hemstitching and making monograms is pleasant work to do, especially on coarse linen sheetings. If the sheets are of linen, the hem should be three inches deep and may be single or double hemstitched, but if cotton, the hem should be neatly and firmly hemmed or hemmed on the machine.

Pillow cases will wear much better and will slip on easier if they are made an inch larger than the pillow. The hem on the pillow slips should be two inches and a half deep, and of course should be hemstitched to match the sheet. The monogram should be set an inch above the hemstitching, in the middle of one side of the pillow case, and its base should be towards the hem. The position of the monogram for the sheet should be the same as for the pillow slips, an inch above the hem in the middle of the sheet. The base nearest to the hem, so that when the sheet is turned over the monogram will be in the correct position for any one standing at the foot of the bed. There may be a delicate running design above the plain hem, and this is usually embroidered solidly in the satin stitch. When a band of this sort is used the monogram is raised above it.

Fall Tailored Gowns

The fall models for tailored costumes, the first essential of the autumn outfit, are already on view in the smart tailoring establishments; for the demand for such costumes has advanced in season from year to year and now many a woman has ready for the first of September a tailored frock with which to meet the first cool days, to supplement the warm and demoralized summer wardrobe, to wear during the season when more elaborate frocks for the autumn and winter are still being debated or are in process of construction.

The models of this kind now on view follow quite closely the late season modes in summer stuffs and that, of course, means an adherence upon certain directorate details. It is noticed, however, in some authoritative models, or at least in some experimental models emanating from some authoritative sources a leaning toward characteristics of the Louis XV period, and this strain in the stream makes one wonder. Narrower shoulders, long close sleeves, full at wrist and throat, close trimmed pockets, all these belong with the Louis XV ideas; and if some

of these features coincide with directorate details so much the greater likelihood of rivalry between the two periods.

But of the prolonged favor of the sheath skirt there seems to be little doubt in the minds of the designers. All the exaggerations of this mode and the merited criticisms of the exaggerations have effected the prestige of the less radical sheath skirt not at all.

The mode, too, is especially well adapted to fall and winter purposes, since though the sheath skirt has been much exploited in sheer and semi-transparent materials it has won most favorable acceptance among the true elegantes when built up in stuffs opaque but wonderfully supple, in crepe de chine, satin, messaline, silk cachemire, etc. These materials are, of course, all the year round possibilities, as suitable for winter as for summer, and the chiffon broadcloths and simple velvets, which are particularly adapted to cold weather costumes, will also lend themselves readily to the clinging skirt.

For the walking skirt the extremely collante skirt is out of the question, though the Parisians have, while leaving width enough for grace in the fall of the skirt, insisted that the fulness shall fall happily instead of flaring. Whatever the form of the fall walking skirt, it is sure to be closely fitted about the hips, and the smarter tailors seem to regard with favor the gored and semicircular skirt models, which have found favor during the summer.

The liking for button trimming is also continued, a line of buttons down the middle, front or side frequently trimming the plain walking skirt. This skirt may mount to empire waist height or may end at the normal waist line, but in the latter case one often sees the wide scarf girdle of waist liberty draped from bust to waist and falling in cash ends over the skirt.—Chicago News.

Care of Ferns.

There are some women who never seem to understand the wants of growing things. They perform the task of watering ferns and flowers every morning or with some such regularity and then wonder why the plants wither and the leaves drop off.

Ferns require much more water than most other plants. Once a day is not too often to pay this attention to the Boston family of ferns, but even then there should be no deluge sprayed over them.

When plants begin to look dry, when they appear to wilt or the pots give out a hollow sound when they are tapped, then it is high time that they were given a satisfactory sprinkling of water.

It is said by the same authority that the tapping is the safest test of the plants' dryness at this season of the year, for the reason that many plants are apt to wilt in intense heat or in the bright sunshine even though their roots are moist. But the housewife or amateur florist is cautioned about letting the earth get dry. The plants should be watched carefully and intelligently and watered liberally when they are watered at all, instead of being subjected to frequent small sprinklings.

Nothing is more wonderful about that most wonderful event, the Turkish Revolution than the part women are taking in it. For centuries the women of Mohammedan countries have lived a life of utmost seclusion. Now, almost without warning, they have rebelled against the slavery in which they have been kept. What is very strange is that there does not seem to have been any great effort to prevent their taking steps to effect their emancipation. An echo of this account of a mass meeting of women in Constantinople written for a German paper, and published in the Public Opinion is very interesting and shows that after all the women of the Far East do not differ so greatly from their Western sisters.

At four in the afternoon, writes a correspondent of the Tageblatt, I went with a Young Turkey friend and an Italian colleague to Giostep (a hill on the east shore of the Bosphorus). It is said that the spirit of Mahomed has blessed this spot with his breath, and comes to it every morning to rejoice, and to drink of the crystal spring of Giostep. . . . And now, in gay and merry groups, laughing and chattering, the ladies of the harem came, leaving their luxurious palaces, and seeking in the fullest liberty. What a strange sight it was! I asked myself what business I, the groom, had among these fragrant blossoms of Allah, and the reality seemed but a dream and a vision. But no, it was all true, and I was a witness of the great moment when these lovely little women, breaking away from the prejudices and laws of thousands of years, are pulling down the walls of the harem, in order that the women of Turkey might obtain their liberty.

My Italian colleague shared my surprise, while our Young Turkey friend looked at us as if to say, "There now, a new era has begun for Turkish women. You are witnessing the reconstruction of woman's life in Turkey." The ladies, however, were over a hundred—grouped themselves round an improvised platform, which was occupied by the president, Labineh-Hanum, the wife of the physician Rifat Pasha. The president of the advocates of women's rights in Turkey is young and pretty and wore a costume which playfully showed traces of the change from Mohammedan to European dress. Her dress had a waist, and her face was unveiled. On her head was perched a pretty little thing, which, however, could hardly be called a hat.

The lady spoke quietly and distinctly, but her voice shook now and then with emotion. She said, "The light which has risen over our country is to light us, without distinction of sex. We women also must receive its beams, for we too have the right to be free."

These are invariably relished by children, and are excellent for school lunches or the nursery supper. Cream one half cup of butter with one cup of moist brown sugar, adding, in the order mentioned, two tablespoons of cream, two well-beaten eggs, two and one half cups of bran, two teaspoons of baking powder and sifted flour enough to roll out; sprinkle the cookies with grated nutmeg and granulated sugar. Place them not too closely together in the pans, as they spread a good deal on baking. Bake in a hot oven.

Canned Celery
The following method has been used successfully: Scrape the celery using the tender white stalks, cut in lengths

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the lovely fall weather when by buying a 1909 Ford (with three seats) now you are six months ahead of usual new model delivery. Nothing gained by waiting; everything gained by buying now. Only two left. Price \$1040, with lamps, horn, pump, tools, and tuition until satisfied. A perfect bad weather machine. All parts thoroughly protected.

CLARK'S GARAGE

842 Yates Street

to fit half pint glass jars with large mouths, pack in pieces closely, and set the jars under the cold water faucet, and let the water run over the celery for at least twenty minutes, then screw down the covers tightly and set in a cool dry closet.

Wash and scrape the tender white stalks; cut in lengths to fit the jars, set jars on steamer, and cook without water for forty-five minutes, then add salted boiling water and cook thirty minutes longer; screw down the lids, and cook ten minutes longer. White celery can be cut into inch lengths and preserved in spiced white vinegar same as little white onions.

Tomato Catsup

The following recipe for tomato catsup you will, I think, find satisfactory. Boil one bushel of ripe tomatoes, skins and all, and when soft strain through a colander to remove the skins only, take one cup of salt, two pounds of brown sugar, half an ounce of cayenne pepper, three ounces each of ground allspice, mace and celery seed and two ounces of ground cinnamon and stir into tomatoes, add two quarts of best elder vinegar, and when thoroughly mixed strain through a sieve, pour all this into a kettle and boil slowly until reduced one half. Pour into small bottles, seal and keep in cool dark place.

So many sun-tanned and weather-beaten people are drifting back to town life again that a really good and simple recipe for a complexion lotion may not come amiss. It has been tested with the most satisfactory results. Slice a cucumber into a small basin, cover with water, and leave for twelve hours. The liquid should then be mixed with an equal quantity of eau-de-Cologne and the juice of a large lemon. Apply with a soft rag at night and each time after washing the face.—Pueblo Opinion.

One of the latest Parisian conceits and at the same time a very pretty touch to the evening waist is the velvet ribbon worn around the neck and knotted in front. Some of them are finished with little silk tassels and others, more expensive, which have angled or metal ornaments, can be bought for \$1.125 and up to \$2. The cheapest ones are 25 cents and 50 cents.—Chicago News.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

L. Greensfelder was a passenger by the steamer Chippewa yesterday from Seattle.

Walter Woodburn of this city returned by the steamer Chippewa yesterday from a business trip to Seattle.

Col. and Mrs. J. A. Grant, of Victoria, who have been visiting in Ottawa, returned home last week.

Mrs. Leighton and Mrs. Wade, who have been staying at "Rocabella" during a visit to Victoria, returned yesterday to their home at Kamloops.

P. J. Russell of Vancouver, who has been here making arrangements to open a butcher business, left this morning on the Charnier for home.

T. Hooper of the firm of Hooper & Watkins, architects, left this morning on the Charnier for Vancouver, on a short business trip.

Miss Allison, who has been visiting her brother, Rev. Mr. Allison, left yesterday on her return to her home in Los Angeles, Cal.

H. W. Kirby and Mrs. Kirby, and John Cunningham, of Port Essington, are in the city. They are guests at the King Edward hotel.

C. H. Dickie, of Duncan, is paying a brief business visit to Victoria. He is registered at the King Edward hotel.

F. Turgoose, of Saanich, who was in the city during the fair week, returned yesterday by the afternoon V. & S. train.

E. D. O. Martinson, chief of the fire department of Lewiston, Idaho, is in town attending the fire chiefs convention. He is staying at the Empress.

Mr. Carlisle, chief of the Vancouver fire department, is at the Empress. He is attending the convention of fire chiefs.

Miss Eleanor J. Braid of Glasgow, Scotland, came over from Vancouver yesterday afternoon and is staying at the Empress.

Joseph Martin, K.C., arrived in Victoria on Sunday night. He will remain in town for a day or two on legal business.

F. H. Shepherd, the Conservative candidate for the Dominion house in the Nanaimo constituency, arrived from up the line yesterday. He registered at the King Edward hotel.

Mr. Hubert L. Watt, of Toronto, is on a business trip to the city. During his visit here he is the guest of his brother, Dr. William T. Watt, of William Head quarantine station.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Northcott, who have been on a visit of several weeks to the east, returned home last Saturday evening after having a most enjoyable trip.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Harland of Los Angeles, who have been making a short stay at the Empress, left yesterday afternoon via the Northern Pacific on their return to the South.

H. N. Butterfield, Pacific Coast agent of the Delaware, Lackawanna &

Western Railroad company, arrived in the city yesterday from San Francisco on business connected with his road.

W. A. Campbell, a prominent real estate agent of Winnipeg, who has been making a short visit to this city, left yesterday for Vancouver, en route to the East.

Among the passengers on the Charnier this morning for Vancouver were: C. Bethune, F. W. Davis, Miss Thomas, J. H. Young, F. L. Hindekoper, E. J. Wall, Miss Carr, K. Hildson and T. Bloss.

Mrs. Rhoda Harvey, who recently submitted to an operation at St. Joseph's hospital, has fully recovered, and has taken a trip to points in Washington to visit friends and relations while convalescing.

James Smart and Miss Smart, C. O'Brien, and Fred McKay and Frank Garrison have arrived from Calgary to attend the convention of fire chiefs now in session in this city. They are staying at the Driad.

J. A. McEachern, a prominent lumberman of Spokane, Wash., arrived from the Sound yesterday. He is here on business and will remain upwards of a week. Mr. McEachern is staying at the King Edward hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Wolfenden, of Armstrong, were among yesterday's arrivals at the King Edward hotel. They are here on a business trip and intend taking in Victoria's attractions before returning to the mainland.

W. C. Seacrest, northwestern agent for the Vanderbilt lines, with headquarters at Portland, and L. F. Jones, passenger agent for the same lines at Seattle, spent yesterday in the city on one of their regular business trips.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Greenshields of Kamloops, who have been spending the past week in the city, left yesterday afternoon for Seattle, where they will spend a few days with friends prior to returning home.

Sir Francis O'Callaghan, on Friday, came down from Shawanigan Lake where he has been spending the summer; accompanied by his daughter, Mrs. P. Byng Hall and his son-in-law, Mr. Hall and with Mr. C. G. Young of India, went over to Vancouver where he will remain for several days.

Some twenty of the wives and lady friends of the visiting fire chiefs were very pleasantly and handsomely entertained with cards and games by Mrs. Thomas Watson at headquarters last evening. Refreshments were bountifully served, and the gay party broke up at a late hour.

Among those who will visit the exhibition at New Westminster are: The Hon. Richard McBride, who will perform the opening ceremony; the Lieut.-Governor, President Trapp and Manager Keary, the Hon. W. Templeman and Mrs. Templeman, Messrs. John Hendry, R. Marpole, R. H. Sperling, F. R. Crow, F. H. W. Foy, D. R. Ker, Mr. Helmecken, Campbell Sweeney, the majority of the members of the provincial house and a number of the C.P.R. directors.

Great Sale of Men's and Boy's Clothing at Western Clothing House, 533 Johnson St.

HIGH FENCES IN OAK BAY DISTRICT

Councillor Cites Experience in Condemning Such Divisional Marks

That there shall be no fences over seven feet high constructed on the street lines within the confines of the Oak Bay municipality was the verdict of members of the council of the municipality last night as an outcome of a discussion brought up by a notice of motion made by Councillor Newton. The latter first drew attention to section 63 of the recently enacted Building bylaw. He pointed out that it was practically a fac simile of that in vogue in Victoria, which was meant to apply to the district included in the fire limits of the city. It provided that there should be no fence higher than that stipulated erected anywhere. He did not think that a regulation of the kind was necessary in a district such as Oak Bay and, therefore, proposed that it should be modified to read "on any street."

The proposal met with favor. Still it created some debate. Among those who contributed to the discussion were Councillors Fernie and Noble. The former was the first on the floor. He took up the general question of high fences, their effect on neighboring property, etc. The fact that property was rendered valueless because of these obstructions to the sunlight he had seen exemplified. In his personal experience with his land on Oak Bay avenue. That the warmth was kept away and that the utility of the particular portion affected was nullified there could not be the slightest doubt, although he had no particular objection to make because he recognized that the neighbor of whom he spoke had been on the scene before he arrived. But he thought all high fences were more or less objectionable.

While Councillor Fernie was speaking there had been side glances which appeared to indicate that there was something behind his words which did not appear on the surface. Soon the explanation was afforded when Councillor Noble outlined his attitude with respect to the high fence question. He commended the resolution made and went on to say that he appreciated the views which had been expressed by his brother councillor so forcibly, the more so, perhaps, as he happened to be the neighbor to whom he alluded (laughter). Then he went on to explain that he had constructed the fence before Councillor Fernie's arrival and that subsequently a series of high green-houses had been built along the same line, but without thought of the effect it would have on the adjoining property.

The only solution, Councillor McGregor thought, would be for Councillor Fernie to build a high fence on the other side, thus obtaining a fairer percentage of the sunshine. (More laughter.)

Finally it was agreed that Councillor Newton's amendment would be adopted and the matter was laid over for the requisite period before taking definite action.

THE PRESENT CAMPAIGN

Enthusiastic meetings of ward workers were held in wards 4, 5, 6, 6a, and 11 last night. The reports received were most encouraging and there is every indication of an immense majority for Mr. Barnard on Oct. 26. Many old time Liberals are offering their services towards clearing out the corrupt Liberal party from office, while the stalwart Tories are working with old-time vigor to bring Victoria back to the position which she held in the days of Sir John A. Macdonald. Every evening this week there are committee meetings in various parts of the city, and on Saturday evening a joint committee of all the chairmen and workers will be held in the Conservative hall, at the corner of Bastion F. H. Shepherd, the Conservative candidate for Nanaimo, was in the city yesterday. The time for registering votes for this term expired yesterday.

VIGOROUS CAMPAIGN IS CONTEMPLATED

F. H. Shepherd, Nanaimo Conservative Nominee, Starts Tour From Victoria

To prosecute the Dominion election campaign, which has just started, throughout the districts in this vicinity which are included in the Nanaimo constituency is the mission of F. H. Shepherd, the nominee of the Conservative party, who reached here yesterday. In the course of conversation last night Mr. Shepherd stated that the outlook was exceedingly bright. He was confident of carrying a good majority in most of the centres. Though the prospects scarcely could be better from his standpoint he did not intend neglecting any of the somewhat scattered sections which were a part of the district in which he was running. His headquarters would be in Victoria for some days and he would spend his time becoming acquainted with the residents of the southern end of Vancouver Island.

Today, Mr. Shepherd said, he would visit Sidney. Returning he would go to Sooke, in company with H. D. Helmecken, K.C., on the 30th. On the 1st of October it was his intention to make a trip to Metchosin. On the 5th he would speak at a smoker at Esquimaux, which was being arranged by his Conservative friends. In all probability he would deliver addresses on the 6th at the Royal Oaks and on the 7th at Oak Bay.

Returning to Nanaimo Mr. Shepherd, it is expected, will be accompanied by Premier McBride, who will speak on the 13th at Ladysmith and on the 14th at Nanaimo.

From the present date until the 26th of October Mr. Shepherd contemplates a period of activity. But he states that he is looking forward to the fight with pleasurable anticipation, confident in the loyalty of his supporters and assured that through the united effort of the Conservative party of the district he will be returned by a comfortable majority.

IMPORTANT

The attention of consumers is called to the printed inside wrappers of Sweet Caporal Cigarettes, which will be redeemed, as stated thereon, at the Company's Offices at corner Princess street and McDermot avenue, Winnipeg, or 141 Water street, Vancouver.

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Capt. H. J. Rous Cullin, late Assistant Bursar of Lancing College.
UPPER SCHOOL—Oak Bay Ave. Phone 1320.
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Excellent accommodation for boarders. Cadet Corps, manual training laboratory.
The Christmas term commenced on Tuesday, September 1.
Apply The Bursar. Phone 65.
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Select High-Grade Day and Boarding College for Boys of 3 to 16 years. Reputations of well-appointed gentlemen's home in lovely Beacon Hill Park. Number limited. Outdoor sports. Prepared for Business Life or Professional or University examinations. Fees inclusive and strictly moderate. No vacancies until autumn term, September 1st.
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Certificate admits to Smith, Wellesley and other colleges. The music department under the charge of artists is a special feature. Fine art studio. Write for illustrated catalog. For further information address:
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Baptists in Convention

The half-yearly meeting of the Vancouver Island District Baptist association will be held today in the city of Nanaimo when the Rev. C. Burnett, the pastor of the First Baptist church of this city will preside; the needs of the home missions being the principal business to be taken under consideration. In the evening a meeting will be held in the Baptist church, the speakers being Rev. Dr. Spencer and Rev. Mr. Burnett, of this city, and the Rev. D. E. Hatt, the Provincial Superintendent of Home Missions.

COLLEGIATE SCHOOL FOR BOYS

The Laurels, Belcher Street, Victoria, B. C.
Patron and Visitor
The Lord Bishop of Columbia.
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J. W. LAING, ESQ., M.A., Oxford
Assisted by A. D. Muskett, Esq., J. F. Meredith, Esq., B.A., H. J. Davis, Esq.
Boys are prepared for the Universities of England and Canada, The Royal Navy, R.M.C. Kingston, and Commerce. First-class accommodation for boarders. Property of five acres, spacious school buildings, extensive recreation grounds, gymnasium, organized Cadet Corps.
Aims at Thoroughness, Sound Discipline and Moral Training.
The Christmas term commenced Monday, September 7th, at 2.30 p.m.
Apply Head Master. Phone 62.

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Complete high school and business course; music; art; language a specialty; elocution. Extensive grounds, tennis and croquet courts, refinement cultivated. Terms moderate. The course of study followed is that which is used in the public schools of the Province. Pupils are prepared for entrance and teachers' certificates. Send for particulars. Term opens August 31, 1908.

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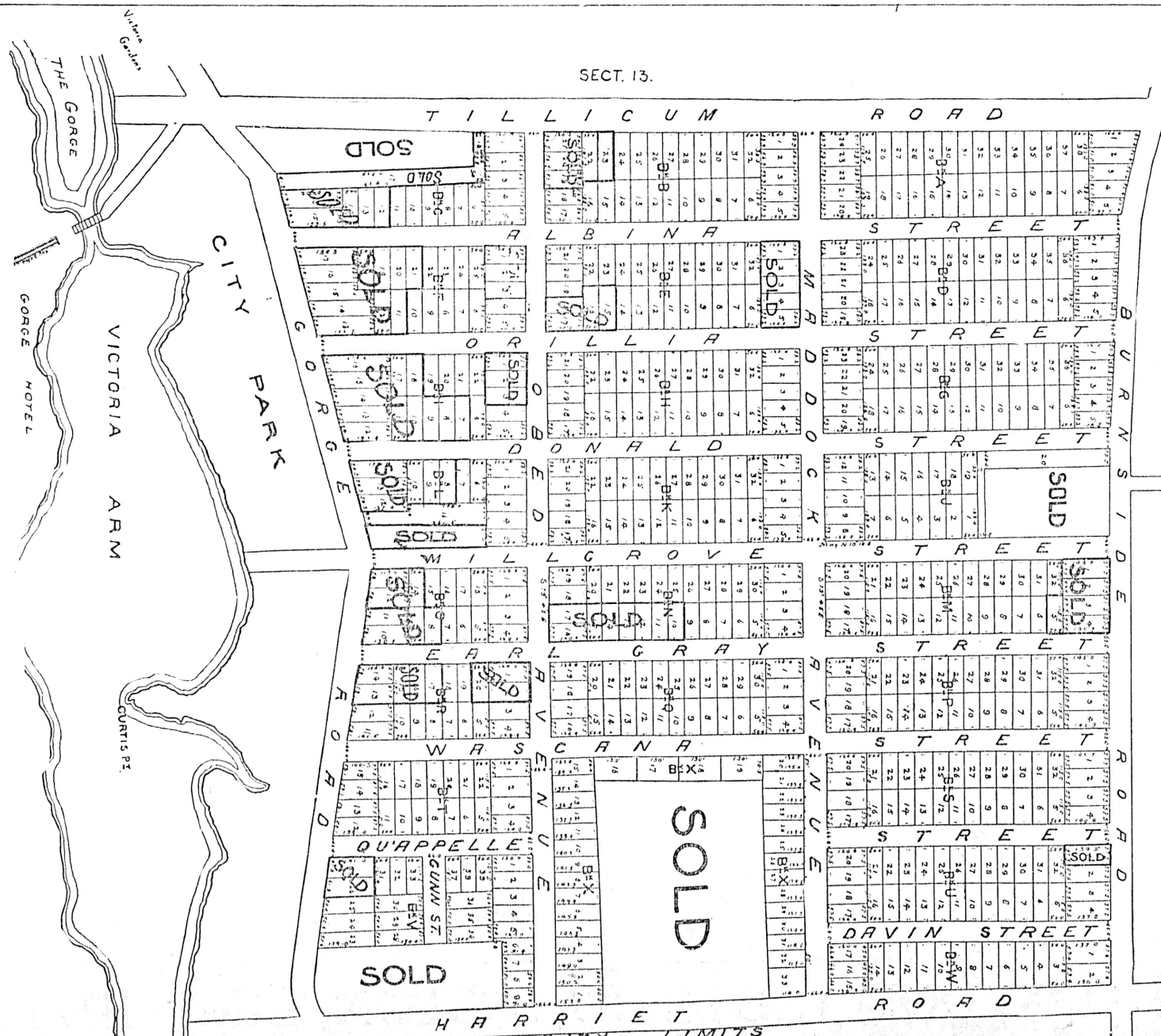
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BARGAIN—NINE ACRES, water frontage, with nice beach, two minutes from Ross Bay car line. Per acre. \$1,500

COOK ST.—1½ acres on car line; corner lot, suitable for subdivision. Terms. Only \$3,000

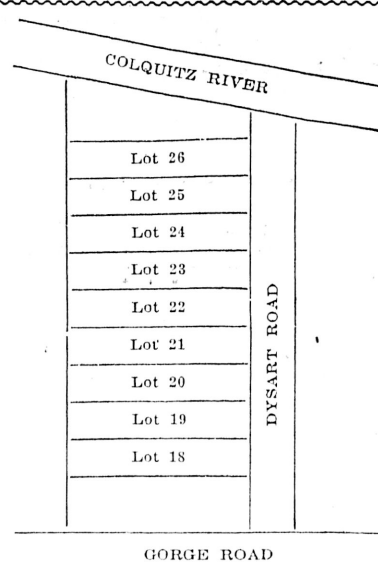
MOSS ST.—5 acres, subdivided into 32 lots, on car line, with three frontages. From, per acre, \$2,000 to \$2,500



MOSS ST.—1 1-5 acres, all cultivated and well situated. Terms. Only, per acre \$2,500

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28 acres, close to Saanichton; 18 acres cleared and under cultivation; spring; 2 acres in orchard; bush fruits; well; very pretty 5-roomed cottage, stable for 6 head of stock, barn, wagon and buggy shed; outbuildings; stock, implements and crop to go with the place. Full particulars at office.

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New Seven-roomed Dwelling, concrete foundation, electric light and bells, septic tank, stable, corner lot 54 x 140, fine black loam with no rock.

Price \$2950

Terms, \$400 cash and \$25 per month, with 6 per cent. interest.

This property is well built and never been occupied, and is being sold at several hundred dollars below value.

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You will make money if you buy in this district. Close to town, to Beacon Hill Park, Beach and Cemetery car line. All desirable residences that are being built in this section.

We have several sub-divisions of lots to choose from.

Terms and prices easy.

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Money to Loan. Fire Insurance Written.

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Near Bishop Cridge's, close to Toronto
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\$6,000 \$1,250 cash; \$1,000, three months; balance to be arranged.

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Opposite Jubilee Hospital grounds
EIGHT ROOMED HOUSE (NEW) ON THREE
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\$5,300 \$500 cash; \$600 six months; \$700 twelve months; balance on mortgage.

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\$3,900 \$1,400 cash; \$1,000 six months; balance on mortgage.

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New House on South Turner Street

Seven rooms and modern in every way. This house is a bargain at our price, being nicely situated near the Dallas Road and commanding a fine view of the sea.

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The Most Modern and Profitable Poultry Ranch

In the COWICHAN VALLEY, two miles from station

23 acres, about eight cleared, balance logged and sown down to rough pasture. Nearly all fenced. Five-room dwelling, wide verandah, new, water laid on. Two-room dwelling, old. Barn, two store houses. Three new poultry houses, each 72 feet long. One new brooder, capacity 600 chicks, heated by acetylene gas. Ten new colony houses. New granery, capacity 12 tons. Vegetable garden. Orchard, 45 trees, clean and bearing. Four good wells, also small brook. Twenty cords cord wood cut, close to house. 200 laying hens, 350 pullets (at valuation). Good shooting, pheasant, grouse, and deer. Koksilah river is eastern boundary. Owner compelled to sell on account of health.

Price \$6,300—Terms

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620 FORT STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

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FINE FARM ON SALT SPRING ISLAND

ACREAGE—Two hundred and eighty-seven acres, sixty under cultivation, Balance exceptionally fine land, orchard of 150 trees.

STOCK—Twelve cows, team of horses, several pigs, over two hundred chickens, etc., etc.

IMPLEMENTS—Steam Thrasher, Crusher, and Saw, Wagon, Potato-planter, Cream-separator, and the usual Farm Implements too numerous to mention.

HOUSE—Seven rooms. Water laid on.

OUTBUILDINGS—Barn, 90ft. x 70. Implement shed, 50ft. x 24, Chicken Houses, Piggery, etc.

The above is offered as a going concern as it now stands, with the exception of the household furniture. The Farm is one of the best known on the Island, is close to steamboat landing, church, school, etc. The property can be recommended as a thoroughly good Farm, and a money maker.

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TO RENT—For office or store, No. 606 Broughton street. Particulars on application.

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FOR SALE—Nice 5-room cottage on Fort street, just completed, everything modern, situate on two lots, good garden. Price on easy terms for the house and two lots, \$2,400.

FOR SALE—New modern 5-room cottage on a sixty-foot lot on Davie street, close to two car lines and a short walk from the best schools, a model little home for people of moderate means—for sale for \$2,000. Terms \$250 cash, balance \$25 per month with interest at 6 per cent. If you cannot pay this much come and see us and we can arrange to suit.

FOR SALE—A modern and swell 6-room bungalow with all modern conveniences—Possibly the handiest house ever built in the city of Victoria. We would like to show this to some who needs a home, close to the High School, the price is \$3,000. Everything is strictly first-class and we will make the terms to suit you.

SIX ACRES of plowed, fenced and convenient good black loam land for sale, 3 1/4 miles from the centre of the city—nothing in the vicinity can be bought at less than \$500 per acre of equal value. We will sell this on very easy terms for \$1,800. Now do not feel that you cannot handle this until you get our terms.

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Pretty Cottage on Douglas Street, Cheap

Owner wishes to purchase a larger home, and has instructed us to sell his new 5 room cottage on Douglas street at what we consider a bargain price. House is newly built, on large lot, with 60 ft. frontage on Douglas street, south of the Fountain. House has all modern conveniences and is extra well built, has basement, parlor, dining room, kitchen, 3 bedrooms, bath room, pantry, attic, and best of appointments. Lots south of the Fountain will eventually be business property, and are today held at big figures. We can sell you this property complete, house and lot, for only \$3250. Terms about \$1000 to \$1500 cash. Balance mortgage.

WE CONSIDER IT A BARGAIN

New home in James Bay, near Menzies street, close to Park, cars and school, strictly modern, built by day labor, pretty design, 3 bedrooms, parlor, dining room, kitchen, bath room, reception hall, nice lot and well located. Price \$3050. About half cash. This is a choice home for anyone.

Cor. Gov. and Fort
Sts. (Upstairs)

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Cor. Gov. and Fort
Sts. (Upstairs)

For Sale 500 Canadian North-West Oil Shares

\$300 cash, \$25 per month, will buy 6-room cottage on 51x125 lot, nice garden, fruit trees, just outside city limits on car line. Total price.....\$1,000
\$300 cash, \$25 per month, will buy new 5-room cottage in nice garden, 15 minutes from Postoffice. Total price.....\$2,500
\$300 cash, \$25 per month, will buy 5-room cottage in Victoria West, sewer connected and electric light. On two lots. Total price.....\$2,300
Oak Bay Ave., 1 lot, 1 1/2 story new modern 7-room house, \$1,000 cash, balance monthly payments. Price.....\$3,800

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Forty acres on Fulford Harbor, Salt Spring Island, 10 acres partly cleared; excellent bottom land, with the exception of a few acres.

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One hundred and fifty acres, all cultivated, 1600 fruit trees all bearing picked varieties. The probable value of yield this year is \$3,000. There is a good house, and the property is situated on the mainland, in the Kootenay district. Price \$25,000

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Professional Directory
etc., etc., etc.

Look at It !

AERIAL NAVY LEAGUE

Branch of League for Overhead Navy Established in Berlin

Berlin, Sept. 26.—A Berlin branch of the "Aerial" navy league, which was founded at Mannheim in July in order to commemorate Count Zeppelin's achievements, has now been formed. The movement for providing Germany with an aerial navy enjoys the patronage of the Imperial Chancellor, Prince Bulow, the president and the vice-president of the Reichstag, and the president of the Imperial bank. In view of the close family resemblance between the new organization and the navy league, the promoters of the Aerial navy league are careful to protest that they can claim to possess the good will of the Imperial government, and that they are inspired by no Chauvinistic motives. They declare that the new league will promote purely pacific and scientific ends, although its business will be to maintain patriotic enthusiasm and to retain for Germany the advantage which she has gained in the sphere of aerial navigation.

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JAPANESE PRESS ON COLONIST'S INTERVIEW

Score Dr. Loenhelm and W. T. Preston Impartially

An interview granted the Colonist some time ago by Dr. Loenhelm, professor of law at Tokyo university, has been commented upon at length in the Japanese press. The Japan Gazette, published at Yokohama, and the Japan Chronicle, published at Kobe, go into the article in some detail, and take both Professor Loenhelm and the Colonist to task for some of the statements made by the former. Some of the comments of these journals may be interesting to readers of the Colonist.

Thinks Remarks Ill-Timed

Referring to Dr. Loenhelm's statement that the Japanese objected to intermarriage with other nations and that he (Dr. Loenhelm) agreed with them in the Japan Gazette says: "At this time when it is the desire of all thinkers to subordinate present racial antagonisms to the idea of racial approximation in the future, Dr. Loenhelm's downright utterances are remarkable. He is clearly in error of difference between the races are so many and represent such a wide variance that the peoples cannot become intimate. Bishop Awdry's belief in a bright future of intermarriages is impossible of realization now. The Japanese have a very strong race feeling and this, in his opinion, is one of their best points, though it is difficult to see by what standard the possession of a strong race feeling is appraised as a good national point. It certainly makes for division and conflict, and it would seem that Dr. Loenhelm in emphasizing this Japanese trait abroad was indifferent to that aspect of the case. Similarly he talks later about 'Military Japan,' in the course of his remarks saying:

"There are people who believe in eternal peace and general brotherhood, but the rise of Japan shows that this time is not so near as these people would have us believe. Lord Roberts was right when he said at Quebec that a country 'ought to be ready for any emergency.'"

"At a time, it may be remarked again, when Japan is endeavoring to dislodge the world of the idea of her harboring military schemes these outspoken facts and figures by Dr. Loenhelm are not likely to assist her much, and Japan might well ask to be saved from such friends. And yet it is difficult to travel either of these statements quoted above except in regard to the policy of giving them out at this time. As to that point, too, the professor does not profess to be a diplomat and may believe, with others, that the truth in the end will prevail and its utterance is never really harmful, even if it prompts the statement that the Japanese are wedded to racial feeling and that fighting is to them a kind of religious duty. Nevertheless such voluntary statements by such an authority do not seem calculated to allay the anti-Japanese agitation on the Pacific coast."

Trade With Canada

The view expressed by Prof. Loenhelm that trade between Canada and Japan was also susceptible of much expansion, is criticized by the Gazette. It says:

"The reason given by the worthy Professor for this pessimistic view was his conviction that neither country produced many products in demand by the other, and, in point, he spoke of flour and wheat being Canada's main article of export to Japan. Commissioner Preston, referring to this interview, bluntly accused the doctor of ignorance of commercial conditions in both countries, stating that he had lists showing a large number of articles which could be exchanged between the two countries if business could be arranged. We have now been kindly supplied by Mr. Preston with a copy of these lists which contain some interesting facts for Canadian and Japanese alike. The list showing what Canada might export to Japan is probably already published in the Dominion and need be only recapitulated here as follows:

Articles exported from Canada to other countries and not at all from Canada to Japan:

Asbestos, bark for tanning beans, barley, biscuits and bread, boots and shoes, copper, cartridges, etc., cordons, eggs, furs, flax, gypsum, grindstones, hammers, hair, hides, iron, hops, hats and caps, aluminum, nickel, lard, leather, sole leather, malt, paints and varnishes, rubber boots and shoes, rubber belting and hose, sheep, sewing machines, tallow, tobacco, typewriters, whiskey, wine, wood, pulp."

Concerning Hearn

Dr. Loenhelm's statement that Lafadio Hearn could not speak Japanese, and so was unable to give a true picture of Japanese life is also criticized as follows by the Gazette:

"Those who knew Lafadio Hearn will be surprised to read this statement. It is true that Hearn could not read Japanese, but he could speak it fairly well, and at the time he lived in Kobe he regularly spoke Japanese at home with his wife and family. Possibly Hearn did not understand the Japanese spoken by the University students referred to, but however that may be, it is very certain that Professor Loenhelm is quite wrong in asserting that he knew nothing of Japanese. The learned Professor goes on to accuse Hearn of doing a 'great wrong' in giving Europe the idea he did Japan."

"It is surprising that if the Japanese hate the presentment that is given of themselves and their country by Hearn, many of them have expressed themselves in very different terms. We cannot recall a single Japanese who has denounced Hearn's pictures of Japan and the Japanese, while we could name a good many who have praised him for accuracy and insight. His deficiency lay not in being acquainted with the Japanese language, but in his interpretation of what he saw or experienced according to the mood or sentiment of the moment. But an authority like Professor Chamberlain, who is certainly not second to Dr. Loenhelm in his knowledge of Japanese ideographs, praises Hearn's work on Japan and gives it very high rank indeed."

Japanese Courts

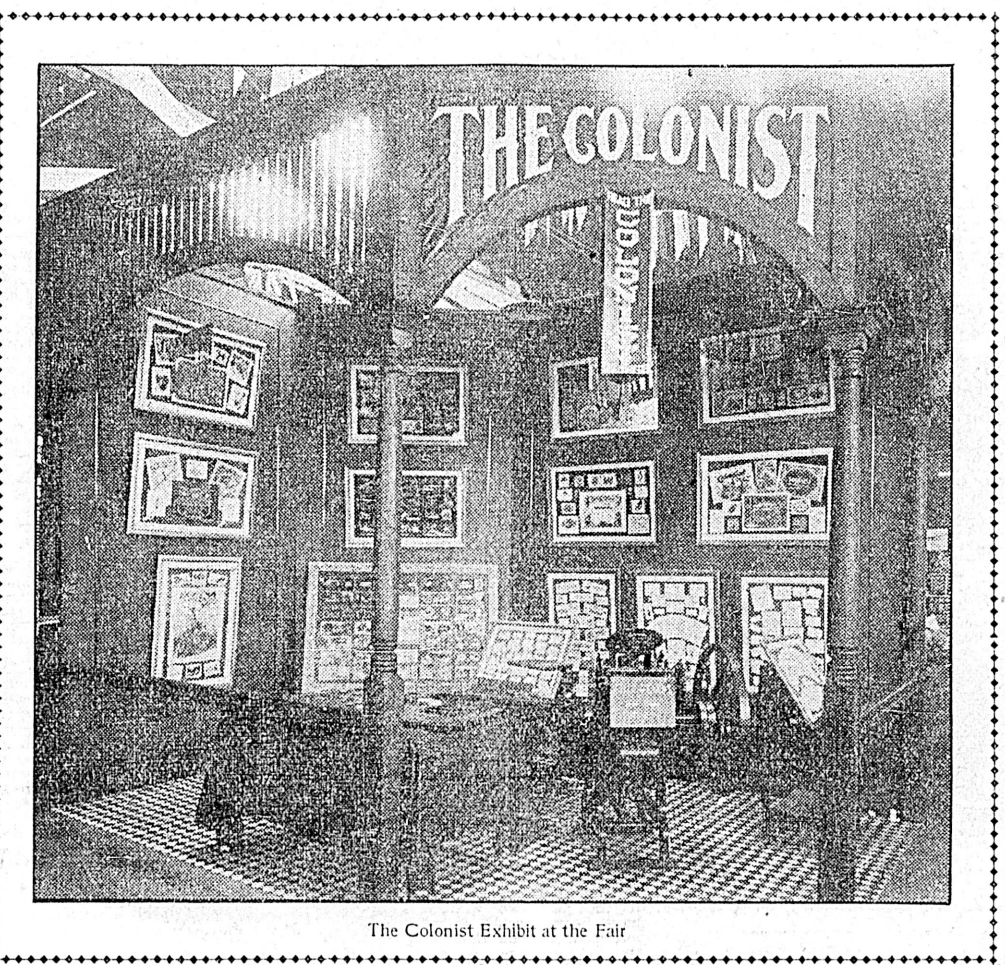
The Japan Chronicle flays Dr. Loenhelm for his statement that the Japanese courts, which are unfair to foreigners, are "slow, pedantic, and bureaucratic." Other statements in the interview are dealt with as follows:

"With regard to superlatives, it has already proved to be a very inadequate substitute for landholding rights, and there can be no doubt that the refusal to grant these rights has prevented the investment of much foreign capital in Japan. As to the action of the Japanese Government in prohibiting the admission of Chinese laborers on the ground that 'they have a lower standard of living than the Japanese,' the statement is important, both because the fact has been denied and because the policy has clearly an important bearing on the immigration dispute between Japan on the one side and the United States and Canada on the other. If Japan protects her working classes against Chinese cheap labor, it is evident that she cannot complain if the United States and Canada take the same action against Japanese labor for similar reasons."

"As regards the remainder of the interview little criticism is called for. Dr. Loenhelm justly scolds the idea that Japan ever had any intention of making war on America, and he points out that the United States being Japan's best customer, to do anything calculated to damage trade would be a suicidal policy. 'While the United States could easily dispense with Japanese imports, Japan is not in a condition to close the trade with America.' We are inclined to agree with the learned Professor when, on the other hand, he fails to see any great possibilities for the trade between Japan and Canada. 'Japan is not going to change from a rice or a barley-eating nation' in order to encourage the import of wheat or flour, while the development of forestry in Japan will militate against the import of timber, and it is in accordance with the natural law of economics that as the United States is Japan's best customer for certain of her products, she will sell her more food stuffs than a neighboring country having the same goods to sell but being a smaller buyer."

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The Colonist Exhibit at the Fair

The Crisis

"After setting out the position at length as regards Canada, Dr. Loenhelm proceeds to deal with the financial crisis, which he considers was a natural result of the after events of the war, but he believes that normal conditions will soon be restored. He touches on Japanese politics, and explains that Marquis Katsura, who is a friend of his, 'is far too wise to impose upon his country a burden which would not be able to bear.' But, he says, 'the Japanese are intensely patriotic and ready to bear any burden if only their country retains its foremost position in the world.' We do not doubt the patriotism, but recent events have shown that the Japanese are not willing to bear enormous burdens for a militarist ideal."

Preston's Statements

The Chronicle also takes exception to several statements in an article on "Foreigners Losing Their Trade in Japan," contributed to the Colonist by Mr. W. T. R. Preston, Canadian Trade Commissioner in Japan. It says:

"Mr. Preston begins by saying that owing to the inexperience of Japanese with foreign trade in the early history of the opening of the markets of the Empire, and the limited knowledge of foreign languages and conditions by the Japanese, 'the entire import and export trade of Japan was taken possession of by foreign merchants.' The words 'taken possession' suggest something in the nature of conquest or appropriation, and this is indeed the keynote of the article. 'In 1877,' proceeds Mr. Preston, '94 per cent of the exports and 95 per cent of the imports were done by foreign commercial houses at the several ocean ports of the Empire. The balance of the trifling percentages was in the hands of Japanese who were apparently struggling to transact the business of their own country.' From this it might almost be thought that the foreigners were interlopers who had done the Japanese an injustice by 'taking possession' of the 'entire import and export trade of Japan.' This is to go even further than the Tokio correspondent of the Times in the article on the shady past and doubtful future of the foreign merchant which he contributed to the London journal about a year ago. Even he admitted that in the days when foreign merchants completely controlled foreign trade they took on their shoulders the entire risks of the business while conceding to the Japanese an equitable share of the profits.' No such concession is made by Mr. Preston, who seems to be of opinion that as the export and import trade was mainly in the hands of foreign merchants the Japanese reaped no benefit from it. Consequently he views with satisfaction the changes in percentage that have occurred of late years."

"One result of the change in proportions that has taken place can scarcely be missed, the approbation even Mr. Preston. 'Direct export' has undoubtedly done much to bring about the present depressed conditions in the tea trade, while the commercial crisis through which the country is now passing has been made more acute by the 'plunging' of Japanese merchants both in exports and imports, due in large part to the facilities offered by Japanese government banks intent on the recovery of 'com-

mercial autonomy.' What surprises us in the remarks of Mr. Preston to which we have called attention is the serious note of hostility to foreign merchants which the Canadian trade commissioner adopts. Nor does he take any steps, so far as the article or report in question is concerned, to warn the Canadian manufacturer that for various reasons it is well to exercise caution in dealing with Japanese direct importers, who, both from inexperience and lack of capital, are apt to read their contracts in the light of the rise and fall of markets. This omission is the more surprising seeing that the Canadian trade commissioner deals with the conditions that should govern the execution of Japanese contracts in Canada."

Neglects to Warn

"In view of this homily to Canadian merchants and manufacturers, it is remarkable that Mr. Preston makes no mention of what repeatedly happens in Japan on a falling market. Scarcely a month passes that the foreign newspapers do not contain reports of some case where a foreign merchant has been compelled to ask the assistance of the courts to enforce a contract which has been repudiated on some flimsy pretext or other. It must be borne in mind, moreover, that only a very small proportion of such cases come into court, for, apart from the proverbial uncertainty of the law, it is well known that in very many cases to seek the enforcement

RIOT WAS WITH JAPANESE SAILORS

Reported Shanghai Trouble Did Not Implicate British Tars

The steamer Empress of Japan which arrived here a few days ago brought further particulars, given by eye-witnesses, of the rioting by Japanese blue-jackets at Shanghai, and their attack on the police, who, though outnumbered ten to one, overcame the rioters, only by the most determined courage. The brawl began because a Japanese officer from the cruiser Tsushima struck a foreign woman standing in the doorway of a house with a stick. A Sikh constable arrested him but he escaped. Police Constable Norman captured and arrested the man, when a Japanese officer attacked the constable, and was also arrested while trying to release his comrade. The police were taking the two Japanese in through the Japanese quarter, when in answer to calls, sailors poured from all sides to the Woosung road. Stones and bottles were thrown at the police. The mob succeeded in releasing the two officers, and the police hurried to the Hongkew

werb in serious danger. Then Detective-Sergeant Cruikshank, drawing a revolver, let off a shot in the air as a warning, and without waiting to see what would happen the gallant sailors turned tail and fled. Their Club in Yuhang Road offered a place of safety, but it was also a trap. As soon as they were inside the police proceeded to guard the doors, and a messenger was dispatched for Mr. Takashima, the Japanese police inspector. He came and entered the building, and at the same time several of the officers from the cruiser Tsushima arrived on the scene. To prevent any of the sailors being removed word was conveyed to Mr. Etaki, Japanese Consul, and he gave instructions that if any of the offenders be identified they should be arrested and the others sent aboard their ship for examination."

Next morning four of the men alleged to have been participants in the disturbance were brought up at the Japanese consular court, when Viscount Mushakoji, vice-consul, was on the bench. It was to be noticed that Mr. Takashima had been replaced in this office for the nonce, and now simply occupied a seat with the clerk and others. Inspector Macgregor, who is at present in charge of Hongkew station during the absence of Inspector Bourke, appeared for the police. The accused, two of whom came into court with their heads bandaged up, were K. Kawaguchi, T. Oishi, Y. Anzai and T. Kawaza, the last two of the cruiser Tsushima. They were charged with creating a disturbance in Woosung road by throwing stones and bottles, and unlawfully resisting the police. They were also charged with assaulting two Indian constables while on duty, causing one to lose a silver watch and the other to lose his lamp.

Detective-Sergeant Cruikshank said that at half-past eleven o'clock he was station for firearms to protect themselves, dispersing the mob. The Japanese sailors returned with reinforcements and a large mob attacked the police with stones, broken bottles and other missiles. Detective-Sergeant Cruikshank fired a revolver in the air, and the Japanese dispersed and fled, taking refuge at a Japanese club in the Yuhang road. Word was sent to Mr. Takashima, Japanese police inspector, and to the Tsushima, and the Japanese consul, who had the rioters removed on board their ship. A number of the rioters were arrested by the Shanghai police and were being tried when the steamer sailed.

The Shanghai Mercury of the 4th instant says:

"The Japanese mob was on the war-path again last night, and about the hour of midnight Hongkew station was the scene of a disturbance unequalled probably since the riot of 1905. Although of comparatively short duration the brawl was of the most violent description, and drastic measures may soon be required to maintain the peace in this district. Last night's affair took the form of a cowardly attack upon the police, with, outnumbered almost ten to one as they were, overcame the rioters only by the most determined courage, and all are to be congratulated upon the manner in which they dealt with the mob."

"About half-past eleven o'clock, the story is related, a drunken Japanese sailor came swaggering along Yalu Road, and observing one of the Indian who grace that vicinity, standing in a doorway, he is alleged to have struck her with a stick. The woman at once called an Indian constable, who set about arresting the man, but escaping his grasp, the slim Japanese made for the dog kennels at the end of the thoroughfare. Police Constable Norman was on the scene, however, and before many moments were over he had him arrested. This had no sooner been carried through than a non-commissioned officer from one of the Japanese cruisers attempted to rescue his comrade, but being unsuccessful also found himself a prisoner. So far, what had happened had been a very trivial matter, yet out of this arose what proved a most serious affray—one which have assumed proportions dangerous to the peace of the whole Settlement had it not been taken so ably in hand."

"The police were engaged taking the prisoners to the station when the word seems to have passed along the whole Japanese quarter, and within a very few minutes sailors and others were pouring into Woosung Road, along which the prisoners were being dragged. With large stones and bottles of a miscellaneous description they assailed the police. As soon as they were within range these missiles were hurled with a force which reflected the fury and hatred of the mob towards the police, and so fierce was the attack of the mob that the police were obliged to release their captives. A retreat was made to Hongkew Station, but for a moment only, and rallying out again with firearms, this small body of police easily put the mob to rout. Before they were aware that their opponents were armed, the Japanese had continued to pelt them with bottles and stones, and it was evident that life and limb

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DRAMATIC ENSEMBLE of 75 ORIGINAL NEW YORK PRODUCTION
Including the famous Ku Klux Klan Cave Scene And Troop of CAVALRY HORSES

Dramatized by THOMAS DIXON, Jr.
From his famous novels "The Clansman" and "The Leopard's Spots."
Direction of GEORGE H. BRENNAN
PRICES 50c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.50.
Seat Sale opens 10 a.m. Wednesday, Sept 30th. Mail orders will receive their usual attention.

VICTORIA THEATRE
TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 29

Under the distinguished patronage of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, the Hon. Wm. Templeman, the Premier and Mrs. McLeod and His Worship the Mayor and Mrs. Hall.

Grand Complimentary Concert to the Delegates to Pacific Coast Fire Chiefs' Convention

The Watson Family, talented instrumentalists.
Mrs. Alexander Pantages, of Seattle, Solo Violinist.
Miss Muriel Hall, Mezzo-Soprano.
Petch Brothers, Vocal Quartette.
Admission \$1.00, 75c, 50c, Gallery 25c.
Those who have purchased tickets may have same exchanged for reserved seat coupons at Victoria Theatre. Sale opens Saturday, 26th.

A.O.U.W. Theatre
Corner Yates and Blanchard Sts.
THIS WEEK

"The Deserter"

Evening performance 8:20. Matinee, Wednesday and Saturday at 2:45. Matinee prices 15c and 25c. Evening prices, 15c, 25c, 35c and 50c.

NEW GRAND
WEEK OF SEPTEMBER 28

THE CYCLING LEADERS—Pantomime Oditty.
THE GRAZERS—"Going Into Vaudeville."
ROSA ROMA—Violin Virtuoso.
ADAMS & GUHL—"The German Explorers."
AL COLEMAN—Dialect Comedian.
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NEW MOVING PICTURES—"Love Will Find a Way."

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WEEK SEPTEMBER 29

Unequaled Vaudeville.

LAURENT TRIO—European Novelty Gymnasts.
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BARNEY FIRST—Hebrew Comedian.
HARRIS TRIO—Sketch "The Englishman."
HARRY DE VERA—"You Have Always Been the Same Old Pal."
BIOGRAPH—Bachelor's Baby.

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Morning: 10 to 12; afternoon, 2 to 4:30; evenings, 7:45 to 10.
Extra Session
Wednesday and Saturday, 4:30 to 6:30.

We Cater to Respectable Patronage Only.

Inspector Macgregor: What about these sailors in the club at 33 Yuhang road?
The Magistrate: These sailors must be examined on board the cruiser.
The North China Daily News of the 5th inst. says: "Last night more Japanese sailors paraded Hongkew in gangs. The authorities might consider the advisability of stopping shore-leave on the Shanghai station as these repeated disturbances threaten to become a standing disgrace to the Japanese navy."

KEEPING SKIRTS CLEAR

General Dupont Deems it Best to Retire From Office on Republican National Committee

New York, Sept. 26.—Following many rumors on the subject which were afloat today here and in Washington, Chairman Hitchcock, of the Republican committee, announced that General T. Coleman Dupont, of Delaware, head of the bureau of campaign speakers of the national committee, has resigned as head of the bureau, and also as a member of the legislative committee of the national committee, and that his resignation had been accepted. Chairman Hitchcock said: "Last Tuesday General Dupont tendered his resignation as a member of the legislative committee and as director of the speakers' bureau. Action on the resignation was deferred awaiting my arrival in New York this morning. General Dupont and I had a personal conference concerning the matter, in which he insisted upon the resignation being accepted, feeling that the suit by the government against the powder company with which he is connected might be employed by our opponents to the injury of the campaign to which he is so ardently devoted. His resignation therefore has been accepted."

WORLD'S GRAIN CROP ESTIMATE

Hungarian Minister's Prediction Viewed as Disappointing By Europe

NEWS FROM METROPOLIS

Epsom in Arms Because the New Asylum is Located There

London, Sept. 28.—While all the world is hoping and longing for bountiful harvests to relieve the commercial gloom, the forecast of the Hungarian minister of agriculture is altogether reassuring. He estimates the world's grain crops of the current year at 1,644,358,000 quarters, which is certainly an increase upon last year's crop of 1,583,470,000 quarters, but not so large an increase as some people have been anticipating. But there is this to be noted, that although the Hungarian minister is regarded as an authority whose annual forecasts are always received with interest, he is by no means an infallible authority. Last year, for instance, he overestimated wheat, barley and maize, but underestimated rye and oats. It is with regard to wheat his present estimate is most disappointing and yet doubtful. He takes the total production of wheat in 1907 at 331,911,000 quarters, and forecasts the total of 1908 at only 339,045,000 quarters—an actual decrease when the world is looking for a large increase. Other statisticians, however, do not confirm the Hungarian minister's figures for 1907. "The Economist," for instance, places the world's realized crop at 379,275,000 quarters, and estimates the crops of 1908 at 410,950,000 quarters. The estimates for this year in so far as the prospective harvests of India, Australia and Argentina are concerned are largely guesswork, because the grain in these countries will not be garnered for some months to come. Then the estimates include Persia, Syria, Japan, Chili and Mexico, in which countries also the figures are arbitrary. But in North America and in Europe the estimates have more precision, and are only subject to such qualification as the weather may impose during harvesting.

New in a very large part of the United States, though not in the whole, in Canada, in the United Kingdom, and in Germany the harvest weather has been favorable. But last year's yield will not be realized in this country, though Germany will have an increase. France had very unfavorable weather in July and August, and will probably be about 10,000,000 quarters short of last year. Hungary, Russia, Bulgaria and Turkey will all have increases, but there are short crops in Italy, Spain and elsewhere. Altogether the European crops may not exceed 203,000,000 quarters, as against 207,485,000 quarters last year, which is to say that Europe will be an increased importer.

An American Exhibition

Next summer one of the London attractions will be an American exhibition.

tion. The promoters hope it may draw visitors as successfully as the Franco-British exhibition. It cannot be so large, seeing the site is Earl's Court and not Shepherd's Bush, but that should be no disadvantage. On the contrary, it is only a visitor with the energy of the King of Spain who can "do" the Franco-British exhibition in an hour. The ordinary mortal needs days for the pleasure, where as Earl's Court is as easily reached, and its extent is such as to enable the sightseer to visit most of the pavilions and spend some time in the beautiful gardens during one day. An industrial committee, which includes the Lord Mayor and the Alderman who will be installed in the Mansion-House next year, has been formed, and the co-operation of the leaders of industry in the United States has been obtained. The official name of the exhibition is rather cumbersome—"The Golden West and American Industries." Should the enterprise become popular, however, the Londoner will soon coin something more handy. It is only one year since a really representative American exhibition was held in the capital. In the interval vast changes have come over the industries of both countries.

Distress for Unemployed

The latest official returns bear out statements that the coming winter is likely to bring with it in London an abnormal amount of distress through lack of employment. A month ago the pauper population had risen to 24.4 per 1,000, which represents an army of over 116,000. In July last year the percentage was only 25.9. The August figures are believed to be worse, and as the labor conditions show no sign of improvement the situation a few months hence may well cause anxiety, for to a greater extent than in some other centres pauperism in London reflects the state of the labor market. As for the general question of unemployment, it is understood that representations will have to be made to the treasury very soon for an increase of the grant. It is early to talk about such a demand, but those who profess to know the needs of the distress committees throughout the country say that matters already look so bad that the amount voted in the closing days of Parliament will be inadequate to meet the barest necessities. The local government board has sanctioned a loan by one of the metropolitan authorities for the erection of a large infirmary, an undertaking which is being pushed forward with the special object of creating work in the building trade. In the last fortnight other loans have been sanctioned for important schemes in the provinces which are being started now rather than in the spring with the same immediate purpose.

Asylums at Epsom

Epsom, long famous for its Downs and its race horses, is up in arms because of the establishment of another insane asylum there, and Lord Rosebery has written a protest against it. Since the purchase by the London county council nine years ago of the Horton estate of a little over 1,000 acres, four great institutions for the accommodation of the lunatics of the metropolis have sprung up on the outskirts of Epsom. Their buildings are situated amid delightful surroundings, yet their presence is a source of constant irritation to the townspeople. Epsom sees their inmates parading daily in its pleasant lanes, and is constantly alarmed by the report that some demented creature has escaped from the care of his keepers, and is wandering aimlessly abroad. The royal commissioners on the care and control of the feeble-minded reported recently that the total number of mentally defective persons, including certified lunatics, in England and Wales may be estimated at 271,607, or

33 per cent of the population. Five thousand three hundred and eighty-one lunatics are housed at Epsom.

School Banks a Failure

Savings banks in the London schools are a failure. According to the latest official return there were in last year 463 banks in operation in 271 separate schools. A sum of \$182,470 was paid in by 63,309 depositors, and \$183,150 was withdrawn, the balance in hand of \$91,410 at the end of the year being \$480 more than that with which the year began. Although the banks are undoubtedly popular, there is some difference of opinion as to whether they fulfill the purpose with which they were originally established, which was to teach the children habits of thrift. The fact, that as a rule, nearly all the money paid in is withdrawn in the course of the year is said by some critics to suggest that the banks are used for the convenience of the parents or in order that the children may save up small sums to spend in the holidays or at Christmas.

Option—	High.	Low.	Close.
January	8.78	8.63	8.63
February	8.80	8.67	8.67
March	8.82	8.69	8.69
May	8.84	8.70	8.89
August	8.86	8.72	8.86
September	8.88	8.74	8.92
October	9.12	9.00	9.01
November	8.90	8.76	8.70
December	8.91	8.77	8.77

Bid.	Asked.
Bell Telephone	125 1/2
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Ogilvie Mfg.	100 1/2
Quebec	182 1/2
Union Bank	115 1/2
R. and O. Nav.	71 1/2
Sao Paulo Ry.	151 1/2
Bank B. N. A.	143 1/2
Commerce	150 1/2
Merchants	150 1/2
Molson's	129 1/2
Montreal	230 1/2
Nova Scotia	271 1/2
Royal	122 1/2
Toronto	213 1/2

Bid.	Asked.
N. Nipissing	8 1/2
SF. Silverleaf	18 1/2
Can. Gen. El. pfd	102 1/2
Consumers Gas	95 1/2
Dominion Telegraph	100 1/2
Nor. Navigation	95 1/2
Toronto Railway	101 1/2
Winnipeg Railway	161 1/2
Traders Bank	129 1/2
Can. Permanent	135 1/2

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

(By F. W. Stevenson & Co.)

New York, Sept. 28.—The list presented a firm appearance up to noon but later became easier and declines were general. The pressure was not pronounced but a noticeable decrease in the buying power was noted throughout the session. The news over Sunday was not of a character to affect trading either way, but the political situation is still unsettled and is becoming a greater factor in determining the course of the market. Speculation operations are becoming a feature and the Rocky Mountain, the Goulds and Colorado Fuel were quite active. We would not be surprised to witness a renewal of the attacks on the list which precipitated

the previous decline should anything unfavorable develop.

High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	74 1/4	72 1/2
Am. Car. Fdy.	40 1/4	39 1/2
do pfd	101 1/2	101 1/2
Am. C. Oil	26 1/4	25 1/2
American Ice	46 1/4	46 1/4
Amer. Loco.	130 1/2	125 1/2
Amer. Sugar	85 1/2	83 1/2
Amer. Shit	44 1/4	43 1/4
do pfd	88 1/2	87 1/2
Anacosta Co.	44 1/4	43 1/4
Amer. Woolen	88 1/2	87 1/2
Atchafalpa	175 1/2	173 1/2
Balt. and Ohio	96 1/4	96 1/4
do pfd	174 1/2	174 1/2
Brooklyn R. T.	175 1/2	173 1/2
Canadian Pac.	175 1/2	173 1/2
Cent. Leather	25 1/2	25 1/2
do pfd	94 1/2	94 1/2
Chl. and G. W.	135 1/4	133 1/4
Chl. M. and S. P.	158 1/2	157 1/2
Chl. and N. W.	40 1/4	40 1/4
Cles. and Ohio	35 1/4	34 1/4
Colo. F. and I.	58 1/2	57 1/2
Colo. Southern	58 1/2	57 1/2
do 2s pfd	58 1/2	57 1/2
do 1s pfd	58 1/2	57 1/2
Corn Products	17 1/2	17 1/2
Del. and Hudson	162 1/2	162 1/2
D. and R. G.	27 1/2	27 1/2
do pfd	65 1/2	65 1/2
Erie	30 1/2	29 1/2
do pfd	29 1/2	29 1/2
do 1s pfd	29 1/2	29 1/2
Illinois Central	138 1/2	137 1/2
Inter-Met.	10 1/2	10 1/2
Missouri Pac.	92 1/2	92 1/2
Lou. and Nashville	104 1/2	104 1/2
Mexican Cent.	31 1/2	30 1/2
M. K. and T.	31 1/2	30 1/2
N. Y. C. and H. R.	53 1/2	52 1/2
National Lead	83 1/2	82 1/2
do pfd	102 1/2	102 1/2
M. S. F. S. M.	122 1/2	121 1/2
do pfd	121 1/2	121 1/2
Mackay	11 1/2	11 1/2
do pfd	60 1/2	60 1/2
Newhouse	5 1/2	5 1/2
do pfd	5 1/2	5 1/2
N. Y. C. and H. R.	103 1/2	102 1/2
N. Y. O. and O.	40 1/4	40 1/4
Norfolk and W.	70 1/2	70 1/2
Rock Island	91 1/2	91 1/2
North Amer.	62 1/2	61 1/2
Northern Pac.	137 1/2	135 1/2
Pacific Mail	25 1/2	25 1/2
Reading Ry.	121 1/2	121 1/2
People's Gas	93 1/2	93 1/2
Pr. Steel Car	31 1/2	31 1/2
do pfd	32 1/2	32 1/2
Reading	129 1/2	127 1/2
do 2s pfd	127 1/2	127 1/2
do 1s pfd	127 1/2	127 1/2
Rep. Iron and S.	21 1/2	21 1/2
do pfd	78 1/2	78 1/2
Rock Island	91 1/2	91 1/2
do pfd	40 1/2	40 1/2
S. L. and S. F.	29 1/2	27 1/2
do 1s pfd	27 1/2	27 1/2
S. L. and S. W.	17 1/2	17 1/2
do pfd	112 1/2	112 1/2
Southern Pac.	104 1/2	102 1/2
do pfd	118 1/2	118 1/2
Southern Ry.	21 1/2	20 1/2
Tenn. Copper	38 1/2	38 1/2
Texas and Pac.	25 1/2	24 1/2
Union Pac.	159 1/2	157 1/2
do pfd	30 1/2	30 1/2
U. S. Rubber	98 1/2	98 1/2
U. S. Steel	45 1/2	44 1/2
do pfd	108 1/2	108 1/2
Wabash	12 1/2	12 1/2
do pfd	27 1/2	27 1/2
West. Union	27 1/2	27 1/2
Wisconsin Cent.	28 1/2	27 1/2
do pfd	27 1/2	27 1/2
Distillers Sec.	41 1/2	41 1/2
Utah Copper	12 1/2	12 1/2
Ut. Northern	121 1/2	120 1/2
Virginia Chem.	29 1/2	29 1/2
Int. Paper	91 1/2	91 1/2
do pfd	55 1/2	55 1/2
Westinghouse	75 1/2	74 1/2
Total sales 457,300.		

(By F. W. Stevenson & Co.)

Chicago, Sept. 28.—Wheat—Publication of the visible figures did not come out till just at the close. It was about the possibility of a much larger figure held many in check from buying wheat on the decline. It must be con-

ceded that the most of the news of the day as it appears on the surface was bearish. Elevator people northwest regarded considerable quantities of wheat as more or less selling pressure all day. It was chiefly long wheat on the market. There was nothing like a steady sell on the part of the bear and there is not likely to be so long as cash wheat commands 1 1/2 premium over December wheat. The market is selling at 104 to 105 in both St. Louis and Kansas City. We still favor the buying side on all forced break.

It was not easy to locate buyers of all the corn put on the market for December and May in today's session. Perhaps the people who sold it will be able to locate it more accurately. If some real frost damage reports are received later in the week and they attempted to buy back some of the corn sold today. Quite heavy killing frosts appeared in Iowa, Kansas and Missouri this morning and Omaha, St. Louis and other central states sent messages saying that there is certainly considerable corn which will be damaged. We suggested that buyers watch closely for any sharp dip which may occur in the late months to take on a new strength which may develop quickly when September is out of the way.

Oats—Elevator people and the trade did not sell early and the offerings went into the hands of commission people with resting orders. Leading cash houses claim that lighter marketing may be expected from this on.

Provisions—All western packing points had 5,000 less hogs than last year. About the only excuse for selling January products appears to be that prices look high. With corn and hogs in excellent strong position the chances are excellent for profit on the buying side of this winter product, even at this level.

Wheat—Open. High. Low. Close. Sept. 100 1/2 100 1/2 99 1/2 99 1/2 Oct. 101 1/2 101 1/2 100 1/2 100 1/2 Nov. 101 1/2 101 1/2 100 1/2 100 1/2 Dec. 101 1/2 101 1/2 100 1/2 100 1/2

Corn—Sept. 79 79 78 78 Oct. 79 79 78 78 Nov. 79 79 78 78 Dec. 79 79 78 78

Oats—Sept. 49 49 48 48 Oct. 49 49 48 48 Nov. 49 49 48 48 Dec. 49 49 48 48

Pork—Sept. 15 15 14 14 Oct. 15 15 14 14 Nov. 15 15 14 14 Dec. 15 15 14 14

Lard—Sept. 10 10 9 9 Oct. 10 10 9 9 Nov. 10 10 9 9 Dec. 10 10 9 9

Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	88 1/2
Atlantic	34 1/2
Armadillo	34 1/2
Atlantic	17 1/2
Boston Con. S.	13 1/2
Brite Coalition	23 1/2
Black Mountain	115 1/2
Calumet and Arizona	115 1/2
Centennial	31 1/2
Copper Range	73 1/2
Davis-Daly	99 1/2
East Butte	88 1/2
First National	66 1/2
Superior	104 1/2
Isle Royale	104 1/2
La Salle	125 1/2
Melikian	13 1/2
Nipissing	10 1/2
Nevada Cons.	79 1/2
Oscoda Copper	107 1/2
Quincy Copper	25 1/2
Shannon Copper	14 1/2
Superior and Pittsburg	13 1/2
Superior Copper	23 1/2
Tamarack	18 1/2
Trinity	18 1/2
Victoria	9 1/2
United Copper	11 1/2
U. S. Smelter and Ref.	35 1/2
do pfd	44 1/2
Utah Copper	40 1/2
Winona	65 1/2
Wolverine	138 1/2
Yukon	94 1/2

Flour	Price
Royal Household, a bag	\$2.00
Lake of the Woods, a bag	\$2.00
Royal Standard, a bag	\$2.00
Wild Rose, per bag	\$2.00
Calgary, a bag	\$2.00
Hungarian, per bbl	\$7.75
Snowflake, per bbl	\$1.70
Snowflake, per bbl	\$1.70
Moffet's Best, per bbl	\$7.75
Drifted Snow, per sack	\$1.70
Three Star, per sack	\$2.00

Foodstuffs	Price
Barley, per 100 lbs.	\$1.60
Middlings, per 100 lbs.	\$1.70
Feed Wheat, per 100 lbs.	\$1.70
Oats, per 100 lbs.	\$1.60
Barley, per 100 lbs.	\$1.70
Chop Feed, per 100 lbs.	\$1.50
Whole Corn, per 100 lbs.	\$2.20
Cracked Corn, per 100 lbs.	\$2.25
Feed Cornmeal, per 100 lbs.	\$2.25
Hay, Prairie, per ton	\$16.00
Hay, Alfalfa Clover, per ton	\$16.00

Vegetables	Price
Celery, per head	15
Lettuce, per head	10
Garlic, per head	20
Onions, 8 lbs. for	20
Green Onions, 4 bunches	10
Potatoes, per sack	1.50
Cauliflower, each	15 to 20
Cabbage, heavy, per lb.	02
Red Cabbage, per lb.	02
Green Peas, per lb.	08
Beans, per lb.	08
Hay, Prairie, per ton	16.00
Tomatoes, per basket	05 to 12
Beets, per lb.	05
Cucumbers, each	05
Carrots, per lb.	05
Sweet Potatoes, 4 lbs.	25

Dairy Produce	Price

Attractive Values Are Here Mentioned

The many lines mentioned are all new goods just received, and give you some idea of our ability to give values. Many of the lines are special purchases and are offered to you at prices that are considerably under what you would usually pay, and are practical demonstration of our ability to buy closely and sell at small profit. Our whole organization and all our energies are devoted to giving you the very best and the very most for your money. That is the secret of our business success.

Splendid Specials for Men

A lot of special items here that are sure to be of interest to thrifty men. Many of these lines are values that do not need any extended reference. That they are money-savers will be apparent to all.

MEN'S UNDERWEAR, a very heavy weight, all pure wool underwear. The shirts are double-breasted and double at the elbow. The drawers are double knees and special seats. Just the kind for men having heavy work and requiring a warm and serviceable garment. Regular \$1.50. Special at **\$1.00**

MEN'S SOX, a lot of samples, fine imported cashmere, a good weight. The colors are tan and black, some are worth twice this price and any are worth more than the special price of, per pair **25¢**

FINE FANCY SILK HANDKERCHIEFS, fancy borders, blues, reds, greys, greens and fancy mixtures, hemstitched and corded borders. Special **50¢**

WHITE MERCERISED "SILKIN" DURABLE FINISH HANDKERCHIEFS, special, three for **25¢**

MEN'S NEW COAT SWEATERS, nothing more comfortable for cold mornings, button up like a coat and worn in place of a vest. Some new ones just received, grey, plain, and trimmed with red and plain navy. Special at **\$2.00**

BOYS' COAT SWEATERS, just the same style as men's all wool, easy and comfortable, grey, white, brown and blue, trimmed with different colors at edge, \$1.50, \$1.75 and **\$2.00**

MEN'S FINE COLORED CASHMERE SOX, imported make, embroidered with fresh colored silks, clocked and spotted in fancy designs, blues, tans, reds, greys and mauves. Special, per pair **50¢**

HEAVY FINE HEATHER MIXTURE AND BLACK RIBBED WOOL SOX, splendid for fall and winter wear. Special at **35¢**

MEN'S HEAVY WOOL MIXTURE SOX, in fawn and grey. Special at, per pair **15¢**

FINE IMPORTED BLACK CASHMERE SOX, good weight, warm and soft. Special, per pair 50¢ and **35¢**

BOYS' HEAVY RIBBED WOOL SWEATERS, red and blue, warm and strong for school. Special **50¢**

BOYS' FINE CASHMERE SWEATERS, extra fine make, button on shoulder, red, brown and fancy shades, with a fine stripe. At \$1.75 and **\$2.00**

BOYS' FINE QUALITY CASHMERE SWEATERS, greys and browns, with red stripe on collar and cuffs. 90¢ and **\$1.00**

Special Prices on New Neckwear

We have just to hand a big lot of new neckwear and ruchings. Many of the collars are finished with the high deep ruching now so much used. All kinds in linen, chiffon and laces, at prices that range from \$3.50 to **50¢**

A very special line of new Bayadere Ties, one of the latest novelties. These ties are in plain and fancy silk, in all shades and colors, and have the new fringed and knotted ends so much desired at present. These ties are very special value at this price **25¢**

Some Belt Novelties

Just placed on sale a lot of the very latest Belt Novelties, representing the newest ideas for Belts, some of which are quite out of the ordinary and very handsome.

AT 25¢—Pretty colored tinsel Belts and fancy embossed leather belts in all colors.

AT 35¢—Stitched corded leather Belts in all colors.

AT 50¢—Fancy shot tinsel Belts, pretty color combinations and plain leathers in all colors.

AT 40¢—Fancy shot tinsel Belts, with large pearl buckle.

AT 65¢, 75¢ and \$1.00—Plain Elastic Belts, silk elastic in plain black.

AT 75¢, \$1.00 and \$1.50—Elastic Belts in black, handsomely trimmed with cut steel, silk elastic.

AT \$1.50—Leather Belts, all colors, handsome cut steel buckles front and back, all colors.

AT 90¢, \$1.25 and \$2.00—Fancy Belts, in colored silk and rich effects in fancy tinsel, the very newest.

Gloves Just Opened

A new lot of Gloves for Fall Wear has just come to hand in all weights and styles.

TREFOUSSE KID GLOVES FOR WOMEN, all the newest shades, at \$1.50 and **\$1.75**

WOMEN'S DOGSKIN GAUNTLET GLOVES, at **\$2.75**

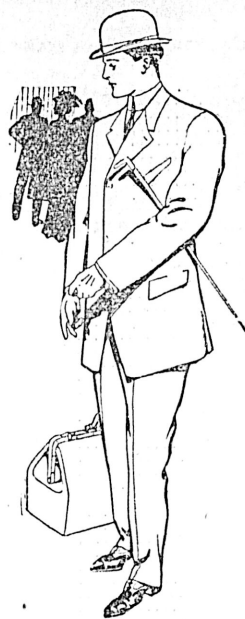
WOMEN'S MOCHA GOWNS, in tan only, at **\$1.50**

Men's Suits Specially Priced

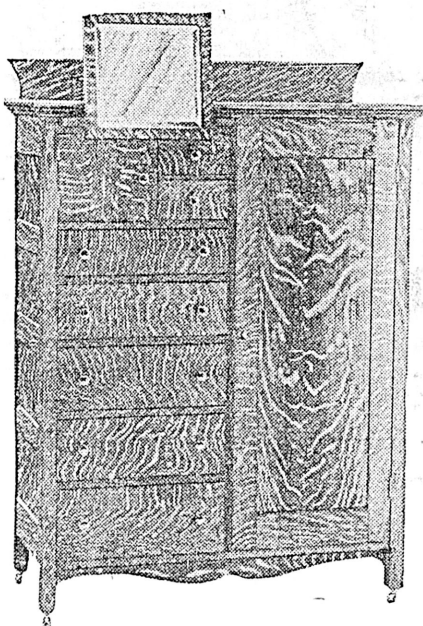
Attractive indeed is this value. In this department, as in all others, we have some lines that are better values than others, and this is one of the best. These suits are made by the Fit Rite Company. No better garments are to be had, regardless of make or price. These are the kind of garments that bring you back, not with a complaint, but for more.

These Suits are made in fine tweeds and worsteds, in the very newest styles, the cloths are in the dark shades that the fall styles demand and are in neat designs, the suits being a correct reflection of fashion's dictates. This line is one of our best, if not our very best value, as it is very specially priced at, the suit

\$15.00



Novelties in Fine Furniture



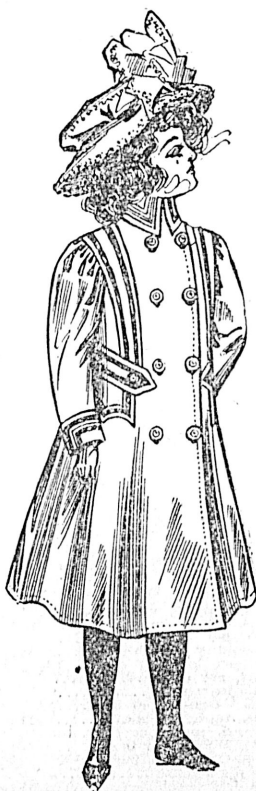
Gentlemen's Combination Wardrobe, Chiffonier and Dressing Cabinet

We are constantly adding new lines and pieces to our already large assortment of high grade furniture. Our business in this department is increasing by leaps and bounds, owing of course to the fact that our values are so good, buying as we do for all our stores we are able to handle enormous quantities and get very low prices on the lines we buy. The makes we carry are the very best, and you are always sure of the newest styles and the lowest prices when you buy furniture from us.

The cut illustrates a gentleman's combination wardrobe, chiffonier and dressing cabinet. It is made of solid quartered oak, golden finish, and forms one of the most useful and compact articles of a modern household. The price is

\$35.00

Children's Fall and Winter Coats



A new coat for the little girl or young lady, that is probably the next question to be settled. We are able to show you styles that are particularly attractive, in fact our assortment is larger than usual, and shows that great care and good judgment were used in making the selections. The styles are smart and dressy enough to please all concerned, and yet are pleasing and childish, they are made of all kinds of fancy tweeds and worsteds in the newest designs and good weights for wearing this time of year, also plain beavers in all shades and colorings, and plain serges in heavy weights, the prices start at **\$2.50**



Women's Underwear Special at 25c

Just a nice weight for wearing at present, a heavy fleece lined underwear in both white and grey, all sizes, drawers ample length, vests high neck and long sleeves. You will agree with us when we say that these garments are exceptional value at the special price of, per garment **25¢**

Women's Coat Special at \$15

This line of coats we bought at a good price concession, and at this price they are considerably below what you would usually pay. They are made up in the newest style, and are supplied by one of the best Canadian makers, garments that we can recommend as being the very best.

These coats are made of handsome tweeds in dark shadow plaids and stripes, seven-eighths length, semi-fitted back, double-breasted, with fancy buttons and patch pockets, roll collar inlaid with velvet, full sleeve with cuff. Special price **\$15.00**

Girls' Buster Dresses at \$1.75

This is a splendid value, amongst all the lines that we have opened so far, this strikes us as being about the best value.

It is a girl's buster dress made in navy and white, green and white, red and white plaids, with a pretty pointed red yoke neckband and cuffs to match, patent leather belt, sizes 2 to 6 years. Special value at **\$1.75**

Women's Cashmere Blouse Special at \$2.50

This blouse is an excellent special value at this price. It is shown in three colors in a splendid quality of cashmere, the colors being red, blue, and white. It is made with narrow pin tucks back and front to form yoke, tucked collar and cuffs to match. Specially priced at **\$2.50**

Other New Waists

AT \$2.50—Waists made of fancy delaines in all different designs and colorings.

AT \$2.75—Waists made of cream delaine in neat and pretty styles.

AT \$3.50—Waists made of delaines in plain cream color. Also a rich assortment of fancy effects in all colors.

AT \$3.50, \$4.50 and \$5.00—Waist made of fancy striped linen in the strictly tailored style, with linen collars and cuffs, some embroidered, New York's most popular waist.

AT \$4.50, \$5.75 and \$6.75—Waists made of taffeta silk, nearly all in the plain style, with neat trimmings in tucks and pleats. All colors and some very pretty styles.

A splendid assortment of dressy styles in fancy laces and nets of different shades and designs. Some handsome styles for afternoon and evening wear. The prices start at \$6.75 and run upwards.

Modern Cleaning System

The question of house cleaning for fall brings to mind the carpet cleaning that must be done. There is no need to upset the house to have this done. Our

VACUUM CLEANER

does the work without trouble or fuss. It would be well to remember that this is no toy or improved carpet sweeper. It is a cleaner that cleans not only the carpet but the paper and floor underneath. Other makes do surface work, ours cleans thoroughly from the floor up. We would be glad to furnish estimates on request.

The Mail Order Department

People living out of the city should become acquainted with our mail order shopping system. We maintain a large and well-trained staff under expert supervision to attend to the wants of our mail order customers. You are sure of just the same treatment as though you were shopping personally. We issue a large and complete catalogue that we would be pleased to mail to you if you have not got one already.

Cold Lunches All Home Cooking at
Our New Tea Rooms

DAVID SPENCER, LTD.

Afternoon Tea and Ice Cream at
Our New Tea Rooms